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Vol 13. No. 3

Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, May 10, 1928

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Bagdad Reversible Rugs

We have just received a shipment of Bagdad Reversible Rugs in two sizes. These are priced very reasonable. Call and see them.

Men's Summer Work Shirts

Are now in. A large assortment

Special -- 4 cans Best Quality Fruit 85c

Call on us for Onion Sets, Seeds, etc.

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Quality—Economy—Service
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Oliver Farm Tractor Equipment

Full line of Automobile Accessories
Genuine Ford Parts

B. A. Gasoline Veedol Oil
Come in and see the new MAYTAG WASHER

COOLEY BROS. GARAGE

GHINOOK Phone 10 ALTA.

Gopher Poison

Now is the time to get them. One now is worth a dozen later on. We have all the popular brands, Strychnine, Ready Rodo, Gophercide and Bingo.

See us for quotations on quantity orders.

FORMALDEHYDE

Let us fill your jug or bottle. You will be satisfied.

E. E. JACQUES

DRUGGIST CHINOOK

FRESH MEATS

Tempting to the eye greets you here in a variety that pleases all customers.

BEEF, VEAL,
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AND LAMB

OUR HOME-MADE SAUSAGE
A SPECIALTY

FRESH FISH EVERY WEEK

Chinook Meat Market

Inquiries into the Use and Abuse of Farm Implements

reveal that in many cases they rust out before they wear out. They break and are discarded because of ABUSE rather than USE.

A building that protects and doubles the life of your expensive machinery is a profitable investment rather than an expense. We will be glad to show you working plans of substantial yet economical sheds designed especially to protect farm implements

Imperial Lumber Yards, Ltd.,

Free Plan and Estimate Service

CHINOOK O. L. MIELKE, Mgr. PHONE 12

LOCAL ITEMS

Gingles Bros. purchased a Ford Sedan car last week.

Mr. Swanson, of Oyen, was a business visitor in Chinook this week.

Mr. H. James, of the "Chinook Advance" spent the week end at Hanna.

The Chinook people are enjoying the Tennis Court this fine weather.

Mrs. W. A. Todd entertained a few ladies to afternoon tea on Saturday.

E. E. Jacques went to Calgary Wednesday morning to purchase an Essex car.

Mr. Oliver, Station Agent at New Bridgen, was a Chinook visitor on Sunday.

The car bought by O. Nelson was an Essex instead of a Nash, as reported last week.

N. D. Stewart has purchased a new International engine to assist him with his farm work.

Mrs. J. S. Smith and daughter, Miss Elsie, returned home from Calgary the first of the week.

We still have some good horses to sell. Call and see them at our barn. Huggard & Vanhook.

Messrs Cottrell, Waterhouse and Thompson, of Cereal, were visitors in Chinook on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Lawson, of Drumheller, spent the week end with Mrs. Lawson's sister, Mrs. P. Peterson.

Edmund Neff, of Hanna, visited at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Neff, the first of the week.

Miss L. Coffin, teacher at Collingwood school, has had to give up her school for a time, as she has whooping cough.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Hughes, of Cereal were callers at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Rideout on Sunday afternoon.

Dr. Esler is sporting a new Essex car and Mr. Korek is impatiently awaiting one ordered through Mr. Steckle.

Miss May Peterson of Drumheller is visiting for a few weeks at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. Peterson.

Miss Morrison, nurse, of Winnipeg, is visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. N. D. Morrison, at Collingwood.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Bassett and Miss Grace Bassett motored to Huxley, Alberta, to visit Mr. Bassett's parents over the week end.

Raymond Deman, of New Bridgen, is spending a few days this week at the home of his parents Mr. and Mrs. I. W. Deman.

Messrs M. L. Chapman, Jas. Rennie, L. S. Dawson, A. Carlson and O. B. Elliott attended the Masonic meeting on Monday evening at Youngstown, it being the election of officers of the Masonic chapter.

Mr. J. B. Collins, travelling representative of The House of Hobberlin, Clothing for Men, will be at Hurley's on Friday, May 18, with new samples and models, to take measurements for men's clothing. Call and see him.

The Ladies' Card Club met last Tuesday evening at the home of Mrs. Harry Smith. The honors of the evening went to Mrs. W. S. Lee, she having the highest score. Club meets next week at the home of Mrs. W. A. Todd.

August Carlson, of Rearville, was a business visitor in Chinook this week.

A. Howton, of Calgary, is visiting his brother, H. Howton, of Chinook this week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Bradford and family, of New Bridgen, were Chinook visitors on Sunday; the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Rideout.

A. S. Galbraith, of Red Deer, has accepted the position of teacher at Niles school, near Big Stone P.O., and took up his duties the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Jones were visitors in Hanna on Sunday. Mrs. Jones' sister, Miss Cleo Enix, motored back with them and spent Monday in Chinook.

Mrs. Lloyd Robinson and little daughter, Lowess, left on Saturday to visit friends at Calgary and also with Mrs. Robinson's sister at Bowden, Alberta.

Rev. Father Lynett will hold service every second Sunday of the month until further notice in the Catholic church, Chinook. Mass will be said at 8 a.m. Sunday, May 13th.

There will be a slight change in time of passenger trains at Chinook, to take effect May 20th. The west bound train leaves at 1:37 a.m. instead of 1:38, and the eastbound at 2:30 instead of 2:37.

Mr. Quick, editor of Youngstown Plaindealer, accompanied by Mrs. Quick were callers at the Chinook Advance office Saturday afternoon. Mr. and Mrs. Quick and family were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. Massey.

Mine host J. L. Carter, of the Acadia Hotel, went to Alsask on Saturday to consult Dr. Whaley in regard to his health. It was found necessary to perform an operation, as Mr. Carter was suffering from several complications. The operation was performed on Monday and was reported as quite successful.

Messrs. I. W. Deman, E. E. Jacques and R. D. Vanhook arrived home from Calgary at noon today, all three driving new Essex cars. Messrs Deman and Vanhook are now possessors of Ford Sedans and Mr. Jacques a Tudor Coach. These cars were purchased through I. W. Deman, who is an Essex agent here.

A certified cheque for \$875.00, made out to the Department of Public Works of Alberta, by a nearby municipality, was found on the floor of the rotunda of the Acadia Hotel on Saturday morning. On inquiry, the proprietor found that an official of the Dept. had been a guest at the hotel over night and had accidentally dropped the cheque from his pocket. It was returned to the official.

A change in ownership of property in town took place last week, when Mrs. P. Peterson bought the property next south of the Chinook Harness Shop and J. L. Carter became the owner of the building used at present as the Meat Market. The Meat Market will move to the new location in a short time, and it is expected that some disposition will be made of the building now occupied by Mrs. Peterson, in order to allow for further improvement of the hotel site.

MEN'S CLOTHING

We can supply you with everything

Shoes-- Double Wear Quality Shoes \$5.50 up
Oxfords, Tan, Black, Patent

OVERALLS AND SMOCKS

G.W.G. and Master Mechanic

Shirts-- G.W.G. Work Shirts

Forsyth Dress Shirts

UNDERWEAR - \$1.25 up

Socks-- COTTON SOCKS 25c
DRESS SOCKS 75c up

CAPS AND STRAW HATS

ANYTHING IN

GROCERIES

and

DRY GOODS



SEE THE

SOAP DEAL

with the

DISH PAN

Strawberries, Fresh Tomatoes

Lettuce

Celery

HURLEY'S

CHINOOK

ALBERTA

We are prepared to look after your Machinery Needs

We have on hand

Cultivators, Disc Harrows,
Gang Plows, Tractor Plows, Wagons
Expect another car of WALLIS TRACTORS
Marvelube Oil and Ethyl Gasoline

Banner Hardware

Chinook,

Alta.

Nose Nets! Nose Nets!

Get them now. The Flies may appear any day.
Four different kinds to pick from and all
at competitive prices

Watson's and Bickmore's Gall Cure

Axle Grease, Cup Grease, Hard Oil

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Phone 14.

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For I.H.C. Service Parts and Machinery

See Us. We Aim To Please

We also have a complete line of the famous

En-ar-co Motor Oil and
Black Beauty Axle Grease

A. V. BRODINE

Phone 19

Chinook

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

Red Rose Orange Pekoe is
the best tea you can buy
In clean, bright Aluminum

Who Wants War?

The statement has been made so frequently, and with such vigor that it is the capitalist class of the world which has been responsible for the wars between nations, that many people have become convinced of its truth. And it is probably true that some of the wars of the past have been the direct result of greedy men seeking to further their own selfish ends. To what extent capitalists have been responsible for past wars it would be difficult to say, but, with the experience of the last Great War, and the disastrous effects on industry and work—commerce which resulted, both during the continuance of the conflict and in the years that have followed, it is safe to say that Capital has learned its lesson, and today the whole influence of the financial and industrial world is thrown into the scale in favor of continuing peace.

A strange picture is, however, presented by the one country in which those who are loudest in their outcry against the capitalist class are in full control, namely, Russia. In no other country is Capital so strongly denounced as in Soviet Russia. The Soviet leaders regard Capital as the source of all the world's difficulties and sorrows. At its door they lay the major crimes of the world. The revolution under Lenin and Trotsky had for its object, not the overthrow of the Czarist Government, for it had already fallen, but the overthrow and complete destruction of Capital, and in their campaign against the capitalist system they held it to be responsible for war and the sufferings and losses which war always entails.

Today, however, under the leadership of the Soviet, Russia is the most militaristic country in the world—the one chief place of danger to the peace of the world. Recently a first-hand picture of the military spirit of Russia was given by one who is friendly to the professed ideals of the Soviet, Mr. William Wellock, Socialist M.P. for the Stourbridge Division of Worcestershire, England, in the British Parliament. He makes some interesting disclosures in a recent article on "Soviet Russia of Today," which appeared in a recent issue of the "Socialist Review." There he admits that the Soviet dictatorship "possesses, even boasts of, a most efficient secret service, and is responsible for creating a military spirit that gives one food for reflection."

Moreover, he says, "Girls as well as boys are learning to handle rifles, and girls' corps for this purpose are being formed in those otherwise 'excellent institutions, workers' or trade union clubs. Indeed, except during the World War, I have never seen such military enthusiasm as I witnessed in Russia during my recent visit." Mr. Wellock mentions a military demonstration by half a million young people of the International Youth Movement, and observes: "After the enthusiasm and determination I then witnessed, Russia is over-acted if it pities the army that comes out against her, for no capitalist government in the whole world can put an army into the field with a modicum of the enthusiasm possessed by Young Russia. It was very significant."

Thus, while professing peace at Geneva, and submitting proposals that all the nations of the world totally disarm, the Soviet leaders are engaged in the task of exciting military enthusiasm throughout the length and breadth of Russia, and training the youth of the land, girls as well as boys, for war. In the face of such duplicity, and with full knowledge of what Russia is attempting in China, and, in fact, in all countries where a feeling of unrest prevails, how can the other nations of the world scrap all their armaments, as many, if not most of them, would like to do so? Russia is, in actual fact, the greatest stumbling block to world disarmament, and, notwithstanding all the pious professions of the Soviet leaders, constitutes the outstanding threat against future peace among the nations.

Delay In Delivery

Postal Note Issued In 1910 Cashed After 18 Years
After a trip to Bukovina and several other points in the Balkans and long rests at Ottawa, New York, and other likely points, a postal note for \$27, issued at Cranbrook in 1910, was recently cashed at Cranbrook. The note was issued by the owner, Frank Konik, now employed locally, though the note was sent him 18 years ago by his brother, John. At the saving account rate of interest the holder of the long overdue note is out over \$20.

Payments For Beets

Cheques amounting to over \$18,000 have been distributed among beet growers of Southern Alberta by the Canadian Sugar Factories Limited. This represents an additional payment of 50 cents a ton for 1927 beets, bringing the total amount paid for last year's deliveries up to \$7 per ton.

Magistrate: "Did you have an assistant in this robbery?"
Prisoner: "No. I had one once, but I had to dismiss 'im—he was dishonest!"



Reduce the Acid

Sick stomachs, sour stomachs and indigestion usually mean excess acid. The stomach nerves are over-stimulated. Too much acid makes the stomach and intestines sour.
Alkali kills acid instantly. The best form is Phillips' Milk of Magnesia, because one harmless, tasteless dose neutralizes many times its volume in acid. Since its invention, 50 years ago, it has remained the standard with physicians everywhere.

Take a spoonful in water and your unhappy condition will probably end in five minutes. Then you will always feel better. Be sure to get the genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia prescribed by physicians for 50 years in correcting excess acids. Each bottle contains full directions—any druggist.

World's Greatest Tea Drinkers

New Zealanders Serve It Seven Times Every Day
In New Zealand they drink tea seven times a day, according to one of the Canadian Exchange Teachers, Miss Luella Derbecker, of Kitchener, Ont. Miss Derbecker stated that although there were no farmhouses in the houses, the practice of tea-drinking served to counteract the chill of the rainy season during July and August. Tea before breakfast, tea at breakfast, morning tea at half past ten, tea for lunch, afternoon tea, tea for dinner, and tea for supper was the unvarying procedure. Even the schools, shops and offices served tea at 10.30 in the morning she said.

A shark's egg is unprotected with shell, but the contents are protected by a thick, leathery covering almost as elastic as rubber.

Women are always included when speaking of mankind, for man embraces woman.

The city of Strasbourg is the capital of the province of Alsace.

Premier Baldwin Never Contributes To Press

Has Never Been Asked But Hopes He Will Be

That Premier Baldwin occupies a somewhat unique distinction among cabinet ministers in that he has never had a single offer of any kind to contribute to the press, was revealed by Mr. Baldwin in a speech at a luncheon given to Viscount Burnham.

"I might produce something," the Premier said, smilingly, "that if not worth a penny a line might at least be worth a penny a mile," he remarked. When he retired from public life, he added, he would like to feel that one kindhearted person had once made him an offer so that he could see his own stuff in print with his name under it.

RHEUMATIC PAINS DUE TO THIN BLOOD

Relief Comes Through the Use Of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

The most a rheumatic sufferer can hope for in rubbing something on the swollen, aching joints is a little relief, and all the while the trouble is becoming more firmly rooted. It is now known that rheumatism is rooted in the blood, and that as the trouble goes on the blood becomes still further thin and watery. To get rid of rheumatism, therefore, you must go to the root of the trouble in the blood. That is why Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have proved so beneficial when taken for this trouble. They make new, rich blood which expels the poisonous acid and the rheumatism disappears.

There are thousands of former rheumatic sufferers in Canada, now well and strong, who thank Dr. Williams' Pink Pills that they are now free from the aches and pains of this dreaded trouble. One of these Mrs. W. F. Tait, McKellar, Ont., says:—"I am one of the willows, one to tell you of the great benefits I received from the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. After lying in bed for seven weeks suffering almost agony with inflammatory rheumatism, relief finally came through the use of this medicine. I could move in bed only as they lifted me, and I could only sleep when opiates were given me. The medical treatment I was taking seemed of no avail. Then I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and soon I began to get relief. After taking six or eight boxes the rheumatism was banished and I had never felt better since. It is several years since this happened and I have had no return of the trouble since. I may add that I recommend the pills to two of my friends who were suffering with rheumatism and the pills were equally effective in both cases." "Try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for anaemia, rheumatism, neuritis, indigestion or nervousness. Take them as a tonic if you are in the best physical condition and cultivate a resistance that will keep you well and strong. You can get these pills through any medicine dealer or mail at 50c a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Will Travel By Plane

Prince Of Wales Will Use Aeroplane In Trips About Country

The London Mail says that the Prince of Wales has decided to use an aeroplane for travel about the country in filling his numerous engagements. A special fast army two-seater plane has been allotted for his use at Northolt Aerodrome, near Harrow.

The Prince holds the rank of group captain in the Royal Air Force and has had considerable experience in flying.

Miller's Worm Powders can do no injury to the most delicate child. Any child, or infant in the state of adolescence, who is infested with worms can take this preparation without a qualm of the stomach, and will find in it a sure relief and a full protection from these destructive pests, which are responsible for much sickness and great suffering to legions of little ones.

Germany Shows Thanks

Is Grateful To Canada For Assistance Given To Airman

Germany has thanked Canada for the assistance rendered in behalf of the crew of the Bremen aeroplane, which blazed the east-to-west trans-Atlantic air trail. The following message from L. Kempff, German consul-general for the Dominion, has been received by Premier King: "I am instructed by my government to express the sincerest thanks of the government of the German Reich for all the assistance rendered to the fliers of the Bremen. My government would be grateful if you would transmit its thanks to the various government departments and to the numerous organizations and individuals who have so generously and efficiently come to the aid of the Bremen crew."

Canada is the principal source of soft wood supplies in the British Empire.

Insist on Minard's Liniment—accept no other.

Claims Parachute Will Bring Airplanes Down

New Device If Successful Would Eliminate Risk Of Flying

All risk will be eliminated from air flying if a device now under construction proves the success its sponsor confidently believes it will be. At the All-American Aircraft Show, in Convention Hall, Detroit, Major Edward L. Hoffman, of Wright Field, Dayton, announced that parachutes which will bring a plane and its passengers safely by means of a chute, will be available soon.

Major Hoffman has spent much of his 18 years of army life at McCook Field, Dayton, where he conducted experiments in connection with the parachutes now used by the U.S. army.

"We have been experimenting along the lines of devising a parachute for an entire plane," he said. "The pilot would pull a lever, releasing a chute that would bring the plane safely to earth. As a result of experiments, I have brought down a 1,600-pound weight at a reasonable rate of speed with a 60-foot diameter parachute. Since the plane to be used in actual tests weighs 1,400 pounds, I am quite certain the results will be successful. I expect we will make the first tests at Dayton within the next two months."

"The parachute to be used will take up four cubic feet of space and weigh not more than 120 pounds. In heavier planes more than one parachute would be used."

Low Grade Wheat Marketed In Japan

Profitable Outlet In Orient For Million Bushels Last Year

Speaking at Portage in Prairie, George McIvor, general sales manager of the Canadian Co-operative Wheat Growers, Ltd., the central selling agency for the Canadian pool, pointed out that out of a total world crop of about four billions of bushels, only 800,000,000 were usually exported to world markets, and Canada supplied over a third of that. The pool itself yielded about a quarter of it, and therefore was able to have quite an influence on price levels, being particularly true because Canada is the only country selling hard spring wheat, now that Russia is out of the picture for the time being.

Mr. McIvor also mentioned that the pool had established a market in Tokyo, Japan, for the purpose of selling them, as formerly, to American exporters for mixing. Instead of raising the quality of American durum exports, Canadian durum now brought a premium straight back to the producer in Canada. Another example of the advantage of a strong central selling agency was shown in Alberta, where there was a lot of feed wheat last year that looked like being hard to get rid of. A trial shipment of 50 tons was sent to Japan. As a result over a million bushels of low-grade wheat has been sold at that market this year.

Praises This Asthma Remedy. A grateful user of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy finds it the only remedy that will give relief, though for thirteen years he had sought other help. Years of needless suffering may be prevented by using this wonderful remedy at the first warning of trouble. Its use is simple. Its cost is slight, and it can be purchased almost anywhere.

World War Veteran (reminiscently): "Once we captured a big Bertha that had been throwing ducks over our line."

His Wife: "Why didn't she hang them on her own line?"

According to a sports journal, chess-players seldom die young. They would never finish a tournament if they did.

Minard's Liniment For Toothache.

Men cannot live on the moon because the moon has no air and no water, at least in liquid form, and because it is so cold.

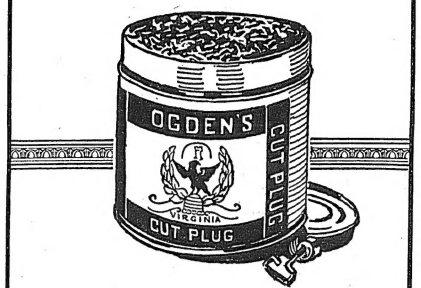
Sure Signs

Of kidney troubles are pain in the back, difficult urination, deposits in urine. Gin Pills relieve kidney trouble gently, soothing and healing the inflamed tissues. 50c a box at all druggists.



W. N. U. 1732

Save the Valuable "Poker Hands"



**OGDEN'S
CUT PLUG**
Soothing—
yet a man's smoke
COOL AND FRAGRANT

France Paying War Debt

Britain Advised That Bill For 1928 Will Be Met

A brief announcement by the British Government that France intends to pay \$8,000,000 on its war debt to Britain during the current year indicates that France is adhering to the debt agreement of 1920, notwithstanding the fact that it is as yet unratified by the French Senate. By agreement, the total indebtedness was fixed at \$647,106,000 and a scale of annual payments was arranged.

The 1928 payment will be made in two equal installments, one on August 15, and the second on March 15, 1929, which is reckoned in the fiscal year of 1929.

Under the agreement \$10,000,000 would be due in 1929, and \$12,500,000 the following year.

Equals Sun's Surface Heat

Powerful Flame Radiates Light From World's Largest Electric Lamp

Paris, Voltaire's City of Light, boasts today the most powerful flashlight lamp in the world. Its light, generated by electric current, is equal to 1,400 million candles. When we consider that 1,400 million ordinary candles, put end to end, would extend eight to ten times round the earth, and almost far enough to reach the moon, we realize how far man has travelled as light-maker since the days of the first tallow candle.

Even if medieval man had been able to manufacture 1,400 million candles and put them in 1,400 million candlesticks, the whole population of the world could not have set them alight; today a single man moves a switch, and there is a maelstrom in the ether, and the light of 1,400 million candles bursts into flame. So powerful is the lamp in Paris that from the top of Eiffel Tower it would be visible for hundreds of miles; and if the Eiffel Tower were twice as high a man with field glasses at Vienna would be able to see it quite clearly. The heat in the centre of the electric flame which radiates the light reaches 500° degrees Centigrade. That is to say, it equals the heat at the surface of the sun!

Keep Clear Of The Road

When making a roadway repair, pull your car over off the concrete and keep your body out of the right of way. If you must crawl under car, keep your legs off the road. If you must change a tire, be sure no passing car can touch you as you work beside your automobile. You may think you are a conspicuous object on the road, and maybe you are, but there are always some drivers who cannot see.

Minard's Liniment for falling hair.

High Prices For Livestock
At the Spring Stock Show held recently at Calgary, Alberta, 393 bulls were sold for a total of \$116,720, an average of \$297 each, which was \$184.50 per head higher than was paid for 558 bulls at the 1927 show.

Requires On the Farm—Every farmer and stock-raiser should keep a supply of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil on hand, not only as a ready remedy for his in the family, but because it gives him some idea of the great potency. As a substitute for sweet oil for horses and cattle affected by colic, it is far surpassing anything that can be administered.

Growth Of Alberta Phone System

In the first three months of this year 418 new telephone stations were opened in the Province of Alberta. The phone system in Alberta is operated by the Provincial Government.

No rigorous operation is necessary in removing corns if Holloway's Corn Remover be used.

Aluminum is more abundant throughout the world than any other metal. It forms over eight per cent. of the earth's crust.

The seedless tomato has been perfected in Kansas by a horticulturist.

Cute in a Baby— Awful at Three —and it's Dangerous— by Ruth Brittain



Thumb sucking does look sweet in a baby, but it is disgusting in the three-year-old and sometimes it hangs on until fifteen or sixteen! The habit may cause an ill-formed mouth or induce adenoids; and it always interferes with digestion. Flushing the sleeve over the hand; attaching mittens, or putting on cardboard cuffs, which prevent bending the arms at the elbows, are some of the ways to stop the habit.

Another bad habit—irregularity in bowel action—is responsible for weak bowels and constipation in babies. Give the tiny bowels an opportunity to act at regular periods each day. If they don't act at first, a little Fletcher's Castor Oil will soon regulate them. Every mother should keep a bottle of it handy to use in case of colic, cholera, diarrhoea, gas on stomach and bowels, constipation, loss of sleep, or when baby is cross and feverish. Its gentle influence over baby's system enables him to get full nourishment from his food, helps him gain, strengthens his bowels.

Castoria is purely vegetable and harmless—the recipe is on the wrapper. Physicians have prescribed it for over 30 years. With each package, you get a valuable book on Motherhood. Look for Charles H. Fletcher's signature on the wrapper so you'll get the genuine.

New Impetus Being Given To Cattle Raising Industry As a Result Of High Prices

The active demand for Canadian cattle in the United States, which has elevated prices to a height never before reached, together with the prospect of this situation continuing for some time to come, has given an entirely new impetus to the beef-raising industry of Western Canada, for which the outlook a few years ago appeared so gloomy, says a bulletin of the Canadian Pacific Railway. At the same time the realization is steadily taking more general hold among Canadian agriculturists that a great and prosperous future awaits the Dominion in the sheep industry, according to the railroad. There is every justification for an expansion of these two as well as other branches of the live-stock industry, the writer adds.

"Governments and live-stock organizations have been working to effect this," the bulletin continues, "and already the fruits of their efforts are apparent. During 1927 the number of beef cattle in Canada increased by some 20 per cent. over the previous year, and in Western Canada, essentially the home of the beef animal, numbers increased by over 75 per cent. In the same year the number of sheep in Canada increased by about 4 per cent. and in Western Canada by more than 9 per cent. There is every indication that despite heavy sales there will be further increases recorded in the present year, and thereafter steady expansion is to be expected."

"Looking no further than the occupied farms of Western Canada, great opportunity for the expansion of the live-stock industry is revealed. The average farm in this territory is of considerable extent. The average farm acreage in Manitoba is 274 acres; in Saskatchewan, 368 acres; in Alberta, 322 acres, and in British Columbia, 350 acres. Forty per cent. of the farms in Manitoba are over 300 acres in extent; 64 per cent. of those in Saskatchewan, 51 per cent. in Alberta and about 9 per cent. in British Columbia. Yet on the average Manitoba farm there are less than 5 beef cattle, and but 5.5 sheep; in Saskatchewan, 1.1 beef cattle, and 1.4 sheep per farm; in Alberta, 3.2 cattle and 6.5 sheep; and in British Columbia, using the number of farms in 1921 which are the latest available, approximately 2 head of beef cattle and 6.8 sheep.

"Even considering the vast tracts given up to pure grain growing, it is very clear that Western Canada farms could be carrying substantially more stock. At the time of the last agricultural census it was disclosed that of all the occupied farms in Western Canada 44 per cent. of the land in Manitoba, 43.13 per cent. in Saskatchewan, 50.83 per cent. in Alberta and 50.97 per cent. in British Columbia was unimproved. A total of 12.03 per cent. in Manitoba, 6.10 per cent. in Saskatchewan, 7.42 per cent. in Alberta and 37.62 per cent. in British Columbia was in woodlot and so unfit for most forms of agriculture until cleared. The remainder of the area of occupied farms, amounting to 27.28 per cent. of the total in Manitoba, 30.06 per cent. in Saskatchewan, 47.66 per cent. in Alberta and 35.72 per cent. in British Columbia, was natural pasture and as such suited to the raising of cattle sheep or other live stock.

"In addition to the wide opportunity existing on the farms of Western Canada for greater engagement in these branches of the live-stock industry on an intensive scale, account must be taken of the larger operations of ranching, which is still an important factor and in several sections an increasing one in the raising of cattle and sheep. A distinct impetus to the ranching industry of Western Canada was given by the Department of the Interior in its amendment to allow of the granting of 21-year leases in Southern Alberta and Saskatchewan and in the railway belt of British Columbia. These Government grazing leases last year totalled 6,262,225 acres, an increase of 154,139 acres over the previous year and an increase in the number of leases of nearly 600.

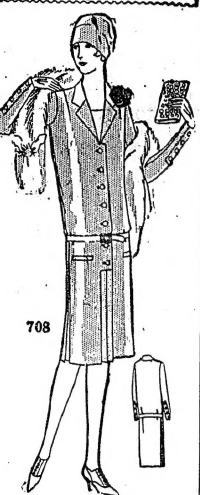
"It is surprising to find that when Western Canada has so firmly established its reputation as a live stock producer a mere commencement has been made upon the industry, and the scope for development is immense. Circumstances have combined to make the present a propitious time for inaugurating a great program of expansion, and there would appear to be good times ahead for those who will engage in live stock production in the territory, either established farmers and ranchers or newcomers to the country."



Youth Wins Big Prize

Arthur Cleland Lloyd, nineteen-year-old Vancouver youth, who won the prize of \$1,000 offered by E. W. Bentley, Chairman and President of the Canadian Pacific Railway, for orchestral suite open to all comers. This prize is given in connection with the Quebec Folk Song and Handicrafts Festival which is to be held in Quebec, May 24-28.

Mr. Lloyd has been under the tutelage of Percy Grainger, in Chicago, and is at the present time studying under Harold Bauer and Nicolai Medtner, in New York. He won the distinction of Associate of Toronto Conservatorium of Music with full honors while at the age of thirteen.



Excellent Travel Dress

A smart, serviceable one-piece dress closing at centre-front with plaited inset, with inverted plait at other side, which add graceful flare to hemline. It is an ideal style for town, business or travel, fashioned of navy blue Canton faille silk crepe, tan Angora wool jersey, light weight tweed, in beige and brown shades or black crepe satin. Style No. 708, signed in sizes 16, 18, 20 years, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust measure, and only requires 3 1/2 yards of 40-inch material for the 36-inch size. Price 25 cents the pattern.

Our Fashion Book, illustrating the newest and most practical styles, will be of interest to every home dress-maker. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

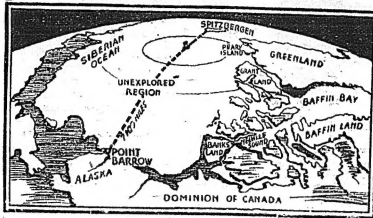
Name

Town

Speeds Up Work

The horse continues to supply the power needed on most farms, but there are tasks and times, most seasons, when its ally, the tractor, can render valuable service in speeding up the work or getting a job done at the right time. Farmer's Advocate.

COVERS LONESOME TRAIL



Map shows the route of the polar flight recently completed by Captain George Wilkins.

Women On the Farm

About 124,000 Occupied in Industry In England and Wales

Of 74,000 agricultural workers in England and Wales, 30,556 are women and girls, 62,940 being classed as regular workers on the land, and 41,607 as casual workers. These figures do not comprise women occupiers or domestic servants, but they do include daughters working on holdings. The census for 1921 showed that there were 19,446 women farmers. Adding these to the above total of 104,556, it would seem that there are approximately 124,000 women (82,389 permanent and 41,607 casual) who might be described as "independently occupied" in the industry.

Canada's Trade With China

Canada's trade with China has grown more rapidly than with any other country, not even excepting Germany, in the post-war period. This is indicated in figures of Chinese maritime customs. The report for the calendar year 1926, issued by the Chinese Government, shows that importation of Canadian produce increased by more than 400 per cent. over the previous year, from \$3,742,720 to \$15,840, 610.

Consensus makes cowards of us all or else cowardice makes us conscientious.

If they adopt that year of thirteen months, won't the installments come due quicker?

Fort a La Corne Memorial

Government Historic Sites Committee Will Have Work In Hand

At a meeting of the Prince Albert Historic Society, the erection of a memorial at Fort a La Corne, about fifty miles east of the city, was discussed. The work will be undertaken by the government department of historic sites of Canada.

The following inscription is to be placed on the monument:

"Fort a La Corne. The most westerly and most northerly post founded by the French fur-traders. Built in 1753 near this spot by Legardeur de Saint Pierre, the successor of La Verendrye, James Findlay, about 1771, erected in this vicinity a fort, later called Fort St. Louis, which was maintained by the Northwest Company until 1805.

"In 1846 the Hudson's Bay Company re-occupied this place. The site has been frequently changed and the fort has had many names."

Let's We Forget

It is startling to learn that there are still fifteen thousand wounded soldiers in our war homes and war hospitals. There is a danger that because they are out of our sight they may be out of our mind. It is said that in one of these hospitals there has been no entertainment for three years. Most of the broken men are young, but they are doomed to lifelong invalidism. They should not lack loving friendship and affection in their isolation and suffering.—London Sunday Express.

A Distinctive Canadian Spirit Is Developing Which Will Naturally Demand Expression

That there is a distinctive Canadian spirit demanding expression is the firm belief of Frederick Philip Grove, world traveller and author, who addressed the Canadian Club in Toronto recently on "Canada—the Spiritual Awakening of an Individual." Mr. Grove drew upon his experiences for his subject, and he expressed confidence that there was a specific Canadian attitude to life, to the world, to the universe, to God, which demanded utterance. Only by giving this utterance, he said, could Canadians make the cultured, well-educated people of Europe, Asia or Africa realize what they were, and only by giving it utterance could the voice of the Dominion resound through the centuries.

Mr. Grove's experiences in Western Canada included teaching a school on the prairie attended by foreign-born settlers. Later he received an

appointment as principal of a high school in Winnipeg.

Mr. Grove said: "In our Canadian West I have seen old men and women bending over frayed copies of the Bible and other cherished books, their lips moving, their fingers holding the line, spelling out sentences that seemed to express what they felt. And in their eyes I have seen something new, something I have never seen in the eyes of European peasants. I do not know what it is—a sort of hopefulness. I sometimes ask myself whether it was bred by our wider spaces along our coastlines, our higher mountains, crisper air, or something material; and sometimes I think it is bred by the fact that after all it is one of the fundamental desires of man to own the soil on which he stands, and land ownership was beyond their reach in Europe. That Canada has given to them, and thereby freed their spirits."

THE BISHOP AND SHORT SKIRTS



In discussing the current vogue for short skirts, the Bishop of Ely declares that in so far as women's dress tends to approximate to man's attire, it becomes a factor in the disintegration of the social order. He adds that there are many who cannot afford to be so candid about their ankles as are modern women. Some English women have been so unkind as to suggest that the trimly-shod and silken-clad ankle of a flapper is just as much worthy of exposure to the public gaze as the guttered leg of a bishop. The illustration above presents the contrast.

"Brown eyes," says one of our teachers of psychology, "indicate a strong character." Black eyes, of course, are indications of a weak defence.

The Deadly Iceberg

No Effective Means Yet Found To Bid Sways Of Menace

Despite all the advances that have been made in trans-Atlantic navigation, no effective means have yet been found of freeing the seaways of dangers from ice. The best that can be done is to warn ships of the presence of ice and the whereabouts of the various bergs.

Attempts are also made during the summer season to destroy some of the icebergs with shellfire. This work is done by a vessel specially commissioned for the purpose and supported jointly by Britain and the United States.

But these measures do not eliminate the danger. Eternal vigilance has to be practised by the captain of every vessel who would successfully avoid the deadly iceberg and bring his ship safely to port.

Outlawry Of War

British Government Warmly Welcomes Proposals From U.S.

The British government warmly welcomes the proposals of the U.S. for a further joint effort to safeguard the peace of the world, Sir Austen Chamberlain told the House, replying to a question as to the Kellogg outlawry of war project would be discussed in Commons.

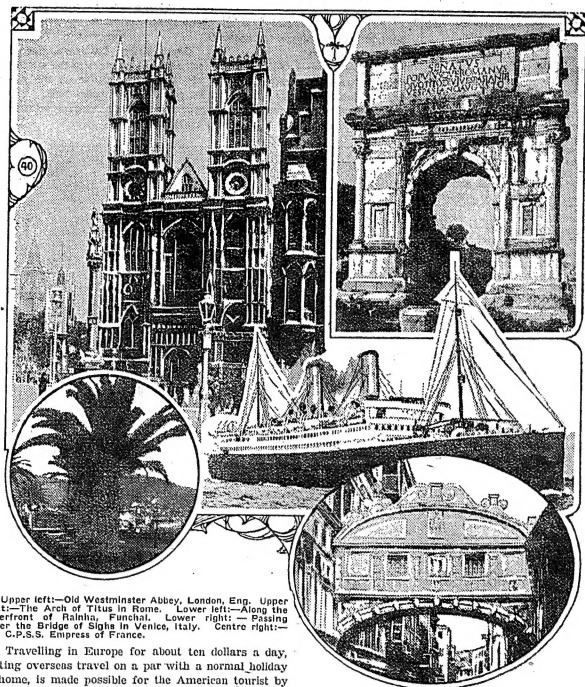
The British Foreign Secretary said the British Government is giving close and sympathetic attention to the text of the treaty, proposed by the U.S. Secretary of State Kellogg, on this subject, together with the observations and the suggestions of the French government.

Conveyance Of Mail In Canada

For the conveyance of mail in Canada 37,547 miles of railway are used. Over this network of lines the mail mileage used daily by the Post Office Department of Canada is 128,499.

When it is noon in New York it is 6.30 a.m. in Honolulu, Hawaii.

Dreams of Visiting Old World Countries Come True.



Upper left—Old Westminster Abbey, London, Eng. Upper right—The Arch of Titus in Rome. Lower left—Along the waterfront of Baltimore. Lower right—Passing under the Bridge of Sighs in Venice, Italy. Centre right—The G.P.S.S. Empress of France.

Travelling in Europe for about ten dollars a day, putting overseas travel on a par with a normal holiday at home, is made possible for the American tourist by the happy combination of Tourist Third Cabin Class on the magnificent Atlantic fleet of the Canadian Pacific Steamships and the tours arranged in the old world by the Arts Crafts Guild of Chicago. It is shown by the figures released by these companies.

The creation of this new class of ocean travel on Canadian Pacific vessels has made travel possible for many thousands who have been unable to consider fulfilling their hopes, and during the past few years it has become fully established in popularity. The economy effected by this class of ocean passage makes a comprehensive European tour possible for every traveller, who during the Atlantic voyage enjoys surroundings and comforts equal to those until recently associated only with first class accommodation. State-rooms are above the water line, each with hot and cold running water, and the public rooms—card rooms, drawing rooms, smoking rooms, dining saloons—are commodious and tastefully furnished. Orchestras are carried for special entertainments and dancing. These take place on the broad promenade decks or within doors.

Itineraries ranging from thirty-two to seventy-three days in extent, including the ocean passage, are possible for the traveller under the Continental Collegiate Tours organized by the Arts Crafts Guild of Chicago. The charm of these tours is realized right from the start, for during the thousand mile journey down the mighty St. Lawrence and through the Gulf the boats pass scenery rivaling that of any river trip in the old world for beauty and picturesque.

Once overseas there is nothing of importance or interest missed by the tours of the Guild. In England they include the Shakespeare country and London; in the "Low Countries," the best of Belgium and Holland; in Germany, the Rhine and her great centres; in France, Paris—of course—and in the lovely Riviera with Monte Carlo in its midst; in Switzerland, the Alps; to the south the cities of sunny Italy and romantic Spain; and to the north, in the "Land of the Midnight Sun," Norway and Sweden. Everything in fact that the traveller is anxious to see may be visited on these tours.



The girl who would not help mother because the kitchen was too hot—Sandgrense-Strix, Stockholm.

Spasmodic Croup
Often checked with one application of Vicks VapoRUB
OVER 17 MILLION JARS USED YEARLY

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

John Bassett Moore, American judge on the permanent court of international justice since 1921, has announced his resignation.

The Prince Edward Island Government has purchased about \$20,000 of seed oats and wheat in Manitoba for distribution among the farmers at cost.

Dr. William Maraden, secretary of the Department of Scientific and Industrial Research, New Zealand, will visit Canada to enlist the cooperation of the Canadian Research Council in certain research matters.

A 600-mile air mail and passenger route from Omaha to Winnipeg is the goal of the Omaha-Winnipeg Airways Association, organized by representatives of commercial clubs from Grand Forks, Waterbury, Sioux Falls and Sioux City.

The British House of Commons debated and gave second reading to a bill providing for the grading and marketing of British agricultural produce with a view to combating foreign competition. A start will be made with eggs and fruit.

It is expected 1,000 men for Canadian farms will be sent out from the agricultural training centre established by the British war office at Chisleford for the training of young men about to be demobilized from the army.

Lieut.-General Duidoni, director general of the aeronautical construction of the Italian air ministry, was killed when he fell 1,000 meters from an airplane. General Duidoni was testing a new parachute, which failed to open.

Since 1918 the Canadian parliament has voted \$66,000 for Olympic games participation and the payments were made to the Canadian Olympic committee, it was stated in the House of Commons. The total includes \$25,000 contributed for the 1928 games at Amsterdam.

MISTAKES MOTHERS MAKE IN CARE OF LITTLE ONES

Many mothers give their children solid foods at too early an age and say proudly that their babies "eat everything that grown up people do." Such a course is almost certain to bring on indigestion and lay the foundation of much ill-health for the little one.

Other mothers administer harsh, nauseating purgatives which in reality irritate and injure the delicate stomach and bowels and at the same time cause the children to dread all medicine.

Absolutely no meat should be given to a child until it reaches the age of 18 months, and then only if approved by the doctor. For medicine, all strong, disagreeable oils and powders should be abandoned and Baby's Own Tablets given instead.

Baby's Own Tablets are especially made for little ones. They are pleasant to take and can be given with absolute safety to even the new-born babe. They quickly banish constipation and indigestion, break up colic and simple fevers and make the cutting of teeth easy. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Modern slings lead to many complications, and we know of one young man who is looking for another sweetie because he told his last one that her shoes looked great!

Lake Michigan is separated from Lake Huron by the Strait of Mackinac.

GIRLS, GOOD HEALTH MAKES YOU ATTRACTIVE TO MEN

Bright Eyes,
Rosy Cheeks
Make a Woman Beautiful

Take a bottle or two of that well-known
herbal tonic, Dr. Pierce's
Favorite Prescription
To Improve Your Health
All Druggists

W. N. U. 1732

Small Town Papers

BY FRANK PARKER STOCKBRIDGE
Reprinted by special permission from Saturday Evening Post by the Curtis Publishing Company, Philadelphia.

(Continued.)

I wanted to know just how they did make money. Does the modern country newspaper publisher keep accounts like a business man, or does he just guess at his profits, as the old-timers used to do—and usually guessed wrong?

"That's one of the things we are doing in our state and regional press associations," said the Iowa man. "Teaching the country editor how to figure his costs and base his advertising and subscription rates upon them is one of the important items in the work of our organizations. The many of them are still guessing at costs. In fact, the former president of the National Editorial Association, Herman Roe, recently said that accounting was the weakest spot in the whole rural newspaper field."

"I was at the meeting when Roe said that," put in Bert Mills. "He asked for estimates of the cost of producing a six-column, eight-page paper, 2,000 copies. Would you follow believe that those estimates ran from \$75 to \$300? The men who were publishing the papers didn't know, most of them, what it cost them. How are you going to sell advertising space at a fair price? And you can't prove the value of your paper to your subscribers."

"I think I've got the costs pretty well worked out on the Gazette plant, but it took my older boy, fresh from college, to show me where I had omitted a lot of items in my old way of figuring. Now we charge up to cost not only the wages paid and material used but a rental by the week for each machine, high cost of depreciation and interest on the investment, a fair rent for the building and everything else we can think of in the way of expense, including my own salary, and then we add a profit at an arbitrary figure on top of all to be safe."

I run a sixteen-page, six-column paper, and print a little more than 3,000 copies every week. I average about 1,000 inches of advertising each issue. Figured the way I've just described, it costs about \$446 an issue to produce. I get in about an inch for advertising space, or about \$400 an issue. That may look as if the Gazette were headed for bankruptcy, but that apparent loss of \$46 a week is offset, first, by the 25 per cent. profit, which has been figured into the costs all along, and then by the advertising alone there is a profit in getting out the paper of \$65.50 a week. I draw a salary of \$60 a week, which is included in the costs. Those two items come to \$6,500 a year, and the subscription revenue runs another \$7,600. The paper is profitable, the investment, charged also into costs, brings my profits above \$15,000 a year, without counting legal advertising, sale of extra copies and sundries.

I was pretty well convinced by this time on every point but one. "I'd hate to try to get my money at the bank on the strength of that subscription revenue," I suggested.

There was a chorus of laughter from the entire group around the luncheon table. "Try to subscribe to an up-to-date country weekly without paying cash in advance and see what you get," said one of them. "Cash-in-Advance Club is one of our strongest and most popular organizations. It has taken a good deal of educational effort, both with subscribers and with publishers, to establish the principle of paid-in-advance subscriptions, and there are a good many papers still which do not enforce it very strictly. But I should say that a club membership of the country weeklies now get their money from subscribers promptly, both for original subscriptions and for renewals. The modern farmer has not the aversion to paying out cash that his granddaddy had. He has the cash to pay for one thing and he buys machinery and other things for cash, so that it seems natural to him to pay for his paper in cash. And while we think of the old-time editor as taking apples or cornwood for subscriptions, we've found some papers, there's the modern standard, for example, which have published at McMinnville, Tennessee, since 1879 without a break, and which have never sent a copy to a subscriber who wasn't paid up for a year ahead. They get somewhat less than the prevailing rate of \$2.50 a year, or five cents a copy, but they are above the standard rate all over the country and which gives the publisher a run for his money."

"The whole trick is to make the paper so useful and interesting to the local readers that they can't get along without it," said Bert Mills. "Like the Star Clipper," agreed the man from Iowa. "That's the prize-winning country weekly. It's 1927-28. One of the things which the National Editorial Association does every summer is to award a prize to the best country weekly. Last year, I got it one year. Until the 1928 convention, next summer, it's held by a paper out in my state, in a town which I have never heard of, called Traer, in Tama County, Iowa. And what makes it the best weekly paper in the United States, as it has a right to call itself, is the fact that it is so full of local news about local people and events that everybody in the territory just has to read it. Traer has a population of 1,329, but the Star Clipper has a circulation of 3,576—and all paid in advance at two dollars a year. When the N.E.A. committee checked up its circulation it was found that in thirteen townships in the county and out of every ten farmers were subscribers. Three townships showed 100 per cent. subscriptions."

"That's a real record," said Bert Mills. "They give another award every year, too, for the paper with

The Best Laxative

He Ever Tried

Mr. Wm. Town, New York, writes: "Never have I felt better in my life. Your purely vegetable Laxative Pills keep my bowels active; headaches and indigestion never bother me now. I enjoy my sleep and get up refreshed, with a clear head ready for a day's work."

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS Sold all druggists 25c and 50c per box.

the best editorial page. It is an up-to-date New York paper that holds that this year—Jacob Strong's Hinebeck Gazette. Most of us don't go in very strongly for editorial comment, but the Gazette speaks right out in meeting, about matters of local interest, and has a great influence in Dutchess County."

"I think there's a decided tendency toward stronger editorial expression, as well as toward constructive community service, among country weeklies generally," said the editor from Oklahoma. "That last is another matter which the National Editorial Association is encouraging. At its last convention the association gave a prize to the Clinton County Republican-News, published at St. Johns, Michigan, for the greatest constructive service, in recognition of its campaigns to raise money for a county hospital, for fireproof vaults for the courthouse and for tuberculosis clinics of cattle in the county."

(To Be Continued.)

Provincial Hay Pool

Hay Growers of Manitoba To Organize Central Selling Agency

A provincial hay pool, providing for a central selling agency and a contract system of delivery, is the most recent development in co-operative marketing in Manitoba, it was announced at the office of the co-operative marketing board.

Hay growers in different parts of the province have decided to proceed at once with the organization of an association to be known as Manitoba Co-operative Hay Growers, Ltd. An application is being made to the provincial government for a charter under the co-operative association act. George McKay, Marquette, Man., has been elected president of the pool.

It is sometimes better to forgive an enemy than to take a sound thrashing.

Madrid has the highest altitude of any city in Europe.

There is something wrong with the man who doesn't secretly love praise.

LOOKS TO CANADA



Unable to support properly his wife and nine children on the wages of a blast furnaceman, and discouraged by conditions in the Old Country, Thomas Booth, of Southport, Lines, England, looks to Canada to give him a better life. Having had considerable farming experience he decided to emigrate, and he arrived in Canada this week in the White Star liner "Calgarie." He will work a farm at Enno, Ont.

May Get Concession

Western Stockmen Hopeful That Application Will Be Reconsidered

The application of British Columbia and Prairie stockmen for variation of the accredited T.B. free area regulation to allow the movement of tested feeder cattle to approved feed lots within the area was not granted. But there is reason to hope that it will be granted. If so it will round out the achievement of the concession under which untested cattle may be exported, recently announced and joyfully acclaimed by stockmen generally.

After Shaving.

Mix Minard's with sweet oil and rub the face. Soothes burns of a dragging razor.



SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

MAY 13

JESUS ENTERS JERUSALEM

Golden Text: "Behold, thy King cometh unto thee; He is just, and having salvation."—Zechariah 9.9. Lesson: Mark 11.1-33. Devotional Reading: Psalm 24.7-10.

Explanations and Comments

Christ's Kingdom openly proclaimed, verses 1-10.—On the day which we now call Palm Sunday, the last Sunday of His life, Jesus made His triumphant entry of Jerusalem. On approaching Bethphage and Bethany, not far from the city, Jesus made two of His disciples go into the village opposite, where on entering they would find a colt tied which no man had ever ridden; this animal they were to loose and bring Him. If questioned as to their action they were to say, "The Lord hath need of him and will return him to you after he has been used." The disciples found the colt in a public street fastened to a door, and as they unloosed him were questioned about entering they would find a colt tied which no man had ever ridden; this animal they were to loose and bring Him. If questioned as to their action they were to say, "The Lord hath need of him and will return him to you after he has been used." 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C.N.R. ESTIMATES ARE APPROVED BY COMMITTEE

Ottawa.—In its final report tabled in the House, the special railway committee of the House approved the estimates of the Canadian National Railway and Canadian Government Marine. The report says that when reductions in freight rates, increase in wages, late crop conditions and larger expenditure on maintenance of way and structures are taken into account, the result of the operations of the railway for the past year "are very satisfactory indeed."

The committee is satisfied from the evidence given that the accounts presented for the year are in accordance with the prescribed practice in railroad accounting and accurately reflect the revenues received and expenditure made during the period.

The committee is further of the opinion that the amounts of \$30,000,000 asked for the Canadian National, and of \$750,000 asked for the Canadian Government Marine, are necessary and should be passed by the House.

The committee struck a snag in its deliberations, and sat well after the usual hour of adjournment.

Sir Henry Thornton, president of the Canadian National, and Hon. H. H. Stevens differed sharply over the manner in which Canadian National accounts are presented.

Since the passage of the Maritime Freight Rates Act, the result of operations on the Eastern Lines had been published separately from that of the Canadian National Lines. Mr. Stevens held that while under the Maritime Freight Rates act the accounts of Eastern lines had to be left separate, the result should be included in the main report. "The accounts as presented," Mr. Stevens declared, "do not give the whole situation fairly and accurately."

Sir Henry Thornton differed. He said that the board of directors of the Canadian National had followed what they believed to be the requirements of the Canadian National. He held that it would be unjust and unfair that the Canadian National should have to include in the operating results of the system the deficits on Western Lines brought about by freight reductions under the Maritime Freight Rates Act.

The report was not adopted till after two and a half hours' discussion.

Grants Will Be Discontinued

Federal Assistance For Vocational Training Ends With Fiscal Year

Ottawa.—The grants of the Dominion Government to technical education will be discontinued at the end of the present fiscal year. Premier Mackenzie King told a large delegation which waited on the Government to urge that the federal assistance be continued.

The grants were begun in 1919, and the act provided that they be continued for a period of ten years. The prime minister said that as education was a matter solely within the jurisdiction of the provincial governments and the obligations of the federal government were so heavy, his government had come to the conclusion that the assistance to the provinces for technical education would not be continued when the present act expires.

The government would consider the cases of provinces which had been late in starting vocational training and therefore had not received the full benefit of the grants the act provided, these being allowed further time.

Would Follow Canada's Example

London.—Sir Hugh R. Denison, former commissioner for Australia in the United States, strongly urges the Commonwealth government to follow the example of the Canadian government in having a legal at Washington, according to The Daily Telegraph's correspondent at Sydney, Australia.

Nurses Will Meet in Winnipeg

Montreal.—Winnipeg will be the scene of the convention of the Canadian National Association of Trained Nurses during July. It was stated here by Miss Esther Beth, secretary-treasurer of the public health section of the association.

Calgary.—Margaret Kinney, of Edmonton, won the Alberta ontological championship over Arthur Cragg, of Calgary. The judges were: Chief Justice Harvey, Mr. Justice Tweedie and Bishop L. R. Sherman, Hon. Percen Baker, Minister of Education, president.

W. N. U. 1732

Think British Envoy Should Be Canadian

British Labor M.P. Suggests Dominion Citizen For Post At Washington

London.—Appointment of a Canadian as principal representative of Great Britain at Washington is a suggestion made in a book, "The Freedom of the Seas," just published by Lt.-Commander J. M. Kenworthy, Labor M.P., and George Young, once attaché to the late Lord Bryce, in the British embassy at Washington.

Referring to the naval differences between the two countries the authors state that in their belief the conflicting policies can be reconciled. They continue:

"There is now a new diplomatic channel and democratic contact in the Canadian diplomatic representative and his staff at Washington. Canada is a bond for peace between Great Britain and the United States and her mission in Washington might become a bridge for political confidence and co-operation."

"We might indeed do worse than persuade the Canadian Government to release an important citizen of the Dominion to represent England and the Empire at Washington when next there is a vacancy at the British embassy, and let the foreign office be represented by an official who would be a junior to the representative."

Gen Currie Receives Verdict

Jury Finds Article Criticizing Sir Arthur Was Libellous

Cobourg, Ont.—By a poll of eleven to one, a civilian jury rendered a verdict against W. T. R. Preston, writer of the article which appeared on June 13, 1927, in the Port Hope Guide, entitled "Moss," and against the publisher of the paper, P. W. Wilson. The jury, after four hours' deliberation, found that publication of this article was libellous and they awarded General Sir Arthur Currie, who was the aggrieved party in the suit, damages in the sum of \$500.

The former commander of the Canadian corps had claimed \$30,000. The trial opened on April 16, in the Ontario supreme court assizes at Cobourg before Mr. Justice Rose and a jury, the hearing of evidence and addresses to the jury lasting well into 14 days. During the course of the testimony the events of the stirring days which closed the campaign in Belgium and France, were gone over by scores of witnesses, including a number whose names have become famous for deeds of gallantry and heroic leadership.

Sir Arthur was represented by F. W. Tilley, K.C., Toronto, and F. W. Wilson by Frank Regan, of Toronto. W. T. R. Preston conducted his own case.

Commencing Work On Peace River Highways

Alberta Ministers Mandate Inspection Trip Over Proposed Routes

Edmonton.—Hon. O. L. McPherson and J. D. Robertson, minister and deputy minister of public works, have returned from an inspection trip over the proposed route of the Peace River Highways. They went as far north as High Prairie, visiting a number of points where road construction details required decision before the season's work begins.

Work on the new highway into the North is to be commenced at once and will be pushed forward as rapidly as conditions will permit during the spring and summer. A working crew has already made camp in the Lesser Slave Lake region, where a considerable amount of clearing is to be done for the new road.

Mr. McPherson is hopeful of better conditions than last year, which in turn will make possible a better construction record for the season.

Starts On Long Trip

Chicago.—The job of putting the Rotary club on "main street" in Jerusalem, Constantinople, Cairo, and the cities of the Orient, was given to James Davidson, of Calgary, Alta., who has started a seven months trip. Mr. Davidson is a past vice-president of Rotary International. His itinerary includes: Manchuria, Dutch East Indies, French Indo-China, Siam, India, Arabia, Egypt, Palestine, Turkey and Greece.

Summer Course For Teachers

Saskatoon.—The twelfth session of the summer school for teachers will open at the University of Saskatchewan on July 31. It is designed to afford teachers an opportunity to qualify for higher professional standing and also to receive special instruction in certain subjects on the public and high school courses of study.

Leaves Life Job In Canton

Former Edmonton Man Was Bodyguard For Late Dr. Sun Yat Sen Canton.—Morris Cohen, famous two-gun man from Canada, who served the late Dr. Sun Yat Sen as bodyguard for the last three years of the revolutionary leader's life, has left Canton for an unnamed destination.

Of the polyglot coterie of foreigners who assembled about Dr. Sun's person in Canton—Red Russians, Americans, Germans—this burly free-handed Jewish adventurer is believed to have been the last of any prominence remaining in China. He turned up here six years ago with a letter of recommendation from revolutionary Chinese in Edmonton, Alta., whence Cohen hailed.

When the Kuomintang leader died in 1925, his will stipulated that Cohen should have a life job in the Canton Government's Central bank. This he held, acting as messenger and purchasing agent for Canton officials, until he became involved in the Red uprising of last December. The upshot was his purchase of a one-way ticket from the scene of his six-year phase of his adventurous career.

Radium Specialist Martyr To Science

Has Lost Left Hand But Will Continue His Work

Paris.—For the tenth time in two years Henri Bourdon, radium specialist in St. Louis hospital, Paris, has submitted to the amputation of a finger joint. His right hand is still intact, but ten operations have cut the left away. The skin effect which develops cancer is responsible. His hip also is affected. Physicians have warned M. Bourdon that his martyrdom will be fatal, but the radiologist's answer is: "My comrades in the war made greater sacrifices for humanity."

EGYPT MUST REMAIN UNDER BRITISH CONTROL

London.—"I think the interests of Great Britain in Egypt make it impossible to contemplate the occupation of Egypt by any other power than ourselves," Sir Austen Chamberlain, British foreign secretary, asserted in the House of Commons after making public Britain's reply to the Egyptian government's note announcing its intention not to proceed with this session with the assemblies bill to which Britain had objected.

The Egyptian note dispelled for the time being at least the crisis brought about by the Egyptian government's intention to enact the measure and also resulted in the countermanding of instructions which it had previously been thought necessary to give to certain British warships.

"It will always be necessary," Sir Austen declared, "for this and other governments in the future to maintain the principles of the declaration of 1922 and as we forbid other powers to interfere we must also take measures to secure the safety of citizens of those powers as well as our own nationals."

The foreign secretary's statement came in answer to a question by W. Thorne, Labor, Plaisford, who enquired whether Sir Austen thought the declaration of 1922 would stand for ever.

FAMOUS CANADIAN EXPLORER



Captain J. E. Bernier, the Arctic explorer and his wife. It was 20 years ago this last year that Captain Bernier took possession of the Arctic archipelago in the name of Canada. He has always been a champion of the Hudson Bay route and has been in and out of the straits a score of times without the least mishap. At 76, this iron man, who came over from the wooden ships to the iron ships, is a physical marvel and is far from having made the last entry in his log books.

SUCCESSFUL POLAR FLIGHT



Capt. George Willens, who flew over the north pole from Point Barrow to Spitzbergen, covering some 2,200 miles in 21 hours.

Washington Greeted Fliers

Crew Of Bremen Presented With Distinguished Flying Crosses

Washington, D.C.—The crew of the Bremen was welcomed to Washington as pioneers whose feat symbolized the ever-narrowing distance between the nations of the world.

Coming by train in the early hours of the morning, the German-Irish trio which accompanied the first non-stop flight of an airplane over the North Atlantic from the east, received the Secretary of State Frank B. Kellogg's greetings of the nation to supplement the tumultuous welcome they were given in New York City.

The three fliers, Von Huenefeld, Fitzmaurice and Koehl, were greeted as men who had "marked another milestone in the path of man's conquest over the forces of nature."

Prominent among those participating in the welcoming ceremonies was Col. C. A. Lindbergh and Eddie Rickenbacker, the U.S. war ace.

Later in the day the Bremen trio received from President Coolidge the distinguished flying crosses awarded them by Congress.

Prepare For Night Flying

Beacons Have Been Ordered For Canadian Air Route

Ottawa.—Night flying will soon be a factor in aviation in Canada, according to plans being formulated by the civil aviation branch, department of national defence, for the first lighted airway in the Dominion, says the Ottawa Journal.

Tenders it is understood are to be called for by the government for five light beacon lights to be placed at intervals of 25 miles along the south shore of the St. Lawrence River on the air route from St. Hubert aerodrome, Montreal, to Lewis, Que. This will form a great part of the air mail route from Rimouski to inland points, which opened for the season on May 5.

London-India Air Service

Croydon, Eng.—Speaking at the official opening of the enlarged Croydon Aerodrome, Sir Samuel Hoar, British air minister, said he had approved the outline of an agreement between the Government and the Imperial Airways for a regular weekly air service between London and India.

Claim Explanation Does Not Satisfy British

Invasion Of West Indian Ports By U.S. Anti-Smuggling Ships Being Discussed

Washington, D.C.—The controversy between the British and United States governments over violations by the United States prohibition enforcement staff of the Bahamas agreement properly will be carried to President Coolidge.

It is rumored here that Secretary of State Kellogg has informed the treasury department which is in charge of coastguard ships that the British government is not satisfied with the explanation offered of recent invasion of British ports in the West Indies by anti-smuggling ships from the United States and that the whole question will have to be referred to the president and his cabinet.

Executive departments here will neither confirm nor deny the rumors concerning the controversy, nor will the British embassy comment.

Damage From Tidal Wave

Natives Killed and Crops Destroyed On Madagascar Coast

Paris.—Official advice just reaching Paris said that numbers of natives were killed and great damage done by a tidal wave which swept the East coast of Madagascar from Tamatave to Port Dauphin on April 20.

The European population escaped. Telegraph and telephone lines were cut. Buildings were swept away and many acres of crops destroyed.

Prompt measures were taken to avoid famine in the flooded districts.

WHEAT POOL CONFERENCE TO BE HELD IN JUNE

Winnipeg.—Co-operative marketing associations engaged in marketing livestock, dairy products, wool, fruit, poultry, etc., as well as representatives of consumers' co-operative organizations, will take part in the third international wheat pool conference, to be held at Regina, on June 5, 6 and 7, it was announced by C. H. Burnell, chairman of the Wheat Pool committee, after an all-day session in the Manitoba Wheat Pool offices.

Mr. Burnell received word that the Scottish Co-operative Wholesale Society will be represented by John Cairns and Peter Malcolm, directors, and William Smith, commercial manager and wheat buyer, as well as by John B. Fisher, of Winnipeg, Canadian manager, and the English Co-operative Wholesale Society by A. W. Gough and J. Oliver, directors, and A. H. Hobley, central wheat buyer.

Sir Thomas Allen is expected to attend as a member of the British Empire Marketing Board, Henry J. May, secretary of the International Co-operative Alliance has cabled that he will be present.

The Australian Wheat Pool are sending two representatives, C. Judd, of the Victoria Wheat Pool and J. Hawkins of the South Australia Farmers' Co-operative Union.

It is expected that Russian Co-operative Marketing Societies will be represented by several delegates. The Australian government and the International Institute of Agriculture will have special representatives at the conference. A number of prominent officials from the United States department of agriculture as well as representatives of a number of the large co-operative organizations in addition to delegates and officials of the United States wheat pools will be present.

Among those who have promised to attend are: Judge John D. Miller, vice-president and general counsel of the Dairyman's League and president of the National Co-operative Milk Products Federation, New York City; John Brandt, president of the Land O'Lakes Creameries, of Minneapolis; Ralph D. Merritt, managing director of the Sun-Maid Raisin Growers, Fresno, California; J. S. Montgomery, general manager of the Central Co-operative Association, St. Paul; F. M. Black, chairman of the Interior Tree Fruit and Vegetable committee of direction, Kelowna, B.C.

Hon. W. R. Motherwell, minister of agriculture for Canada; Hon. J. E. Brownlee, premier of Alberta; Hon. J. G. Gardiner, premier of Saskatchewan, and Hon. R. A. Hoey, who will represent the Manitoba Government, will be among the speakers.

CLAIM SETTLERS ARE BARRED BY NEW INSPECTION

Ottawa.—"Canada is receiving a decreased number of British immigrants owing to the new medical inspection system." This assertion was made at session of the House immigration enquiry by Col. J. S. Dennis, chief commissioner of colonization, Canadian Pacific Railway.

The records of his company showed a decrease of 40 per cent. in British newcomers for the four months of this year, as compared with a similar period in 1927, Col. Dennis stated. A system of inspection of immigrants on the other side by roster doctors, under the supervision of a body of Canadian doctors, would be very preferable to the new system of inspection by Canadian doctors only at British ports, he continued.

Col. J. Stithard, British army reservist, explained a system of training soldiers in agriculture for a period of six months prior to their discharge from the British army. About 35,000 soldiers were discharged annually in England. A number of them were available afterwards for agricultural employment in Canada or Australia. These men, married and single, desired a guarantee of one year's employment on arrival.

Col. Dennis was here to examine Canadian conditions which he would place before these agricultural training camps in England.

London.—While the assisted passage rates for migration to Canada are low, the restrictions on immigration are severe, the Overseas Settlement committee states in its annual report, published recently.

The rule that those persons who have settled down to any other occupation than that of agriculture are not allowed to nominate families for assisted passage to the Dominion is pointed out as one of the restrictions. The committee expressed the opinion that the restrictions might be modified to mutual advantage and voice is voiced that the nomination system will be extended to enable persons to enter other occupations besides farm work.

Asks More Financial Help For Settlers

British Welfare Worker Advocates Family Re-Union Scheme

Ottawa.—Canada must not become another melting pot; we must keep Canada British."

So stated Albert Chamberlain, president of the British Welfare and Welfare League, Toronto, in appearing before the agriculture committee of the House considering immigration problems.

"There ought to be some financial assistance available to help British women and children to join their husbands in Canada, provided they can be taken care of on arrival," continued Mr. Chamberlain.

"There are today thousands of British men living in Canada apart from their wives and children in the Old Country and this is an undesirable condition of affairs for Canada, for the husbands and wives and for the Old Country," he said.

The British government was prepared to financially assist the league in its family re-union scheme. If the Ontario and Dominion governments or either one of them were prepared to share this cost, the British government is ready to pay 50 per cent. of the cost of the scheme.

The league, Mr. Chamberlain said, could bring 60,000 British women and children to Canada annually if the proper financial system was in operation.

Would Amend Divorce Bill

Ottawa.—J. D. Woodsworth, Labor member of North Centre Winnipeg, again moved in the house to amend a divorce bill. Mr. Woodsworth moved that the bill be amended to give the wife—the petitioner—the custody of the child, while the father should pay \$300 a year for the child's maintenance as long as the mother remained unmarried, and \$200 a year if she remarried. The husband in this case should not have the right to remarry again and if he went through the process of marriage would be subject to seven years' imprisonment.

Transferred To Ottawa

Rome.—The Italian consulate-general at Montreal has been transferred to Ottawa, it was announced by the Italian foreign office recently. The move is considered of diplomatic importance. The Montreal office becomes a consulate. A vice-consulate has been instituted at Vancouver, B. C., the announcement added.

Greatness Of The Wheat Pool

Has changed the Whole Economic Situation, and Given the Farmer Confidence

"The wheat pools are today Canada's greatest industries in point of annual turnover excepting the transcontinental railways," declared E. J. Carland, M.P. for Bow River, Alta., in an address before a local service club in Montreal.

"They are the only things that exceed us in value of turnover," he continued. "We charter greater ocean spaces than any other organization in the Dominion; and this whole thing is managed, this whole policy is dictated by the 'little villager'."

"The cost of operation, the total cost to us of the wheat pool was nine-twentieths of a cent per bushel for our provincial pool and our total cost of handling our central selling agency was one-fifth of a cent a bushel."

"Before the pools, the whole crop was placed on the market at once. We threw nearly 25,000,000 bushels of wheat at the buyer in three months," he said. "Today we distribute it throughout the demand season. If there is no demand we don't offer wheat."

"It is the greatest thing under heaven for us. It has changed the whole aspect, economically and otherwise, and it has given the farmer confidence."

Old Beliefs Are Deceptive

Many Ideas We Have About Animals Are Incorrect

A legend still believed by many people is that the porcupine is unable to shoot its quills. The animal is incapable of such a feat, though, if attacked, its quills will pierce the flesh of the attacker and stay there.

Most of us have the idea that a cat can see in the dark. But while a cat can see in light so dim that man is practically blind, no eyes are of any use where there is no light.

Another popular delusion is that camels are fond of creeping into people's ears. This insect's real name should, however, be ear-wig instead of ear-wig, and it is so called because its wings are similar in shape to the human ear.

The lion's fine appearance and awe-inspiring roar have given him the title of King of Beasts. Actually, he is neither so large nor so strong as the tiger, and, in the whole, rather a mean-spirited animal. Lion-tamers assert that the lion is far more easily handled than any of the other big cats, and big game hunters will tell you that the leopard is a more dangerous animal than either lion or tiger.

How Your Mind Works

Best Results Obtained In Mental Work During Late Afternoon and Evening

When we go to bed early, hoping to wake up fresher than usual, we generally seem to wake up drowsier than after a late night.

In fact, the longer and "deeper" we sleep, the more time it takes to recover the results of "nightiness." Mental tests show that students averaged a ten per cent. higher score at night than immediately after eight hours' restful sleep.

In the morning when your mind is fresh it is best prepared for a brief spurt, but it is too restless to concentrate. As the day wears on the mind is helped to concentrate by fatigue poisons that accumulate in the system. They act as mental excitants, and the best time for sustained mental work is from late afternoon until midnight or later.

If people had to express all their thoughts in words or keep quiet, conversation would become a lost art.

If listeners would hear good of themselves they should learn to soliloquize.



DISILLUSIONED

"He has already said the names of three women in his sleep, and not one of them was mine!"—Nagels Lustige Welt, Berlin.

W. N. U. 1732

WALKERS NOT ALL HIKERS

Some Astonishing Records Are Made During Day's Work

Not all long distance hikers are sprinting along the public highways. The housewife picking up toys and wielding the dustcloth, the policeman patting his beat, and the letter carrier on his daily route are not so spectacular, but they accumulate records of their own that are astonishing in the aggregate.

An enterprising investigator for the Boston Traveller found that a housekeeper walks every year a distance equal to that from Boston to San Francisco. Perhaps the tired business man has a right to his title when it is considered that every three or four weeks he walks farther than from Boston to New York, exclusive of the walking he does outside his office.

An average calculated from the daily walking mileage of a diverse group of persons including salesmen, conductors, waiters, children at play, dancers, policemen, letter carriers, sea girls and stenographers, amounted to the surprising figure of 18,000 steps, or 7 1/2 miles.

A doctor in a hospital walked 18 miles a day—and he used his car when he was outdoors. A salesgirl walked 8 miles in a day. A shopper in Boston walked 11 miles in the stores during the Christmas season, though the average shopper in normal times makes only 8 1/2 miles.

The steward in a grill steps lively throughout the day, for his pedometer at night showed 12 1/2 miles. Even a store manager who probably felt chained to his desk walked 6 1/2 miles in a day.

If golf is principally valuable for making otherwise indolent gentlemen walk, it is effective, for in playing eighteen holes the golfer walks 5 1/2 miles.

The average school girl likes 11 1/2 miles in a day about her work and play, while her more active brother usually tops her record by about four miles. A train conductor walked seven miles picking up tickets between Boston and Cleveland, but the total was only five miles between Boston and Chicago.

The figures shown even more impressive when piled up by the week. A salesman covered 75 miles in his weekly rounds. A girl in a business office made 57, and a stenographer who rode to and from work still walked 43 miles in the course of a week.

Dancers work in small area, but their mileage mounts rapidly. One registered a mile an act in vaudeville. A chorus girl registered 4 1/2 miles a day and another dancer used up 5 1/2 miles between 8 o'clock and midnight.

Old Chair Exhibited

At Cairo Museum Was Made For Mother Of Cheops 5,000 Years Ago

Dr. George A. Reisner, of the Boston Museum-Harvard Expedition, has sent the carrying chair of Queen Hetepheres, the mother of Cheops, builder of the great Pyramid, to the museum at Cairo, where it is on exhibition.

Describing the chair, Dr. Reisner said that its case of patterned wood with inlaid solid gold hieroglyphs and its exquisite simplicity reveal the artistic sense of the Egyptian craftsmen of the pyramid-building times. It was about 5,000 years ago that Cheops, the builder of the Great Pyramid, had this chair built for his mother, who was then the greatest lady in the land of Egypt. The Queen sat on a cushion on the floor of the carrying chair with her knees up and her arms resting on the arms of the chair.

The reconstruction of the relic of antiquity required almost two years of careful work by the Boston-Harvard expedition.

In Addition The lady was unpleasantly stout and wanted to be gracefully slim. She consulted a Harley street doctor, who drew up a dietary for her, ordering her to follow it strictly and report to him in a month.

At the end of the specified time the lady reappeared stouter than ever. "Are you quite sure, madam, that you ate what I ordered?" asked the bewildered physician.

"Everything," answered the patient.

"And nothing else?"

"Nothing whatever, doctor, except, of course, my ordinary meals."

Exports Of Canadian Seeds

Canada exported in 1927 seeds valued at \$8,051,358. Flax and clover seeds were the principal varieties exported. The United States bought \$7,290,858 worth of Canada's seeds last year. Small quantities were sold to the British Isles, New Zealand, China, Denmark, France, Japan, Holland, Australia, Sweden, Czechoslovakia and Russia.

SPRING FLOWERING BULBS

Best Time To Plant To Obtain Finest Flowers Is In The Autumn

In the spring of the year when the flowering bulbs are at their best, many of us decide to plant a bed for future years, but when the autumn has arrived when the planting should be done, our spring decision has been forgotten and the planting is overlooked. The growing of such bulbs as tulips, daffodils, and hyacinths is a very simple matter but it does require some knowledge of the culture that should be given and of the difference in varieties. To supply this information the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa has brought out a bulletin entitled "Spring Flowering Bulbs," covering not only the history and culture of many of the bulbs that succeed in this country, but also the lessons that have been learned in a study of the subject by an experienced horticulturist.

In dealing with the culture of narcissus, the bulletin, which is number 95, and available at the Publications Branch of the Department, says that the best time to plant to obtain the finest flowers is early autumn. The bulbs may be left undisturbed for years in ordinary good loamy soil. Deep planting even to the extent of six inches and three inches apart is recommended with strong bulbs. In a few years these will have multiplied to an extent that will enable one by digging them up and separating them to greatly extend the plantation. The daffodil may be followed in the summer months with annual flowering plants which can easily be planted with a slight working of the soil and the adding of some easily worked in manure. It is the habit of the daffodil to die down. This occurs some weeks after the bloom has faded and gone. The old foliage should, however, not be removed until it has become yellow and unsightly in the bed.

His Lucid Interval

A benevolent elderly man employed in his spare time giving addresses to inmates of lunatic asylums.

On one occasion, in pursuit of his hobby, he was giving a talk on a popular subject to the saner section of one of these institutions. Right in the middle of his address, one of the inmates rose up, and addressing the governor, who was in the chair, asked: "Are we likely to listen to this drivel?"

The lecturer stopped instantly and addressing the chairman, said: "Shall I go on?"

"You may proceed," said the latter. "That poor fellow really has the lucid interval every twelve months, and so he is not likely to interrupt again."

The Constitution of the United States has been amended 19 times.

Farmers are Shown How To Clean Seed

Saskatchewan Government Forage Crop Cars Pays Visit To Thirty-Four Points

The importance of seed cleaning was demonstrated to more than 3,000 Saskatchewan farmers during the second tour of the provincial government forage crop cars which were operated this spring by means of the co-operation of the Canadian National Railways. Thirty-four points in all were visited and the equipment consisted of one baggage car for seed supply, one baggage car for seed cleaning machinery, a car for staff accommodation and a coach for lectures. The itinerary covered a large area of north eastern Saskatchewan, working north to Prince Albert, east to Hudson Bay Junction, and finishing at Aberdeen. The average attendance of 108 at each stop was much better than last year. The total attendance for the run was 5,576.

No greater appreciation of the tour was shown than that which was displayed in the territory lying between Arran and Kelvington, where a large number of "New Canadians" followed the interpretations of the lectures with keenest attention.

The determination this year to carry a seed-cleaning machinery car and to demonstrate seed-cleaning with various types of fanning mills, arose out of the seed drill survey conducted by the Dominion Seed Branch during the past two years in the province. Samples taken under this survey revealed the fact that many farmers were actually using seed which graded "rejected" owing to the presence of noxious and other weed seeds, and it was to impress upon those visiting the lecture cars the fullness of attempting to get maximum yields from this type of seed that the seed-cleaning car was requested by the provincial government department of agriculture.

More than 14,000 pounds of grasses, clover, alfalfa, millet and other approved seed were sold during the tour. The staff of five lecturers, provided by the government, was transported free by the Canadian National which provided a caretaker as well.

Grows Flowers Without Soil

How to raise plants without soil has been discovered by W. F. Gerleke, a professor of the University of California experiment station at Berkeley. In announcing his discovery yesterday, Gerleke said "flowers produced by the 'soil-less' method are sturdier and more delicately colored."

Every man who is the father of a bright son is a firm believer in heredity.

Sheep are old at twelve, but goats live longer and pigs longer still.

Canada's Water Power Is Well Distributed

Means Much To Paper Manufacturing Which Is One Of Foremost Industries

When it is realized that with only 11 per cent. of our known water power resources developed, the Canadian newspaper industry has already obtained the premier position in the world for production, it would seem as if our growth as a great industrial nation is assured as long as we continue our hydro-electric developments. Pulp and paper manufacturing is one of the foremost Canadian industries and with two natural advantages of almost equal power, namely, an abundant supply of growing pulpwood and easily accessible low priced motive power, it has a future of almost unlimited prosperity. The power is there for the taking and the supply of pulpwood is assured for an indefinite time, thanks to the reforestation policies of such companies as the International Paper Company and to the excellent artificial reforestation system now in existence, which are holding the ravages of forest fires in check.

Canada owes her premier advantage and position in the pulp and paper field to the fact that adequate and abundant water power is well distributed among extensive forest reserves so that the mills may be located on the logging water routes in close proximity to the power developments. As it takes practically 100 h.p. to produce one ton of newspaper per day, this great advantage of eliminating expensive long distance transmission lines has enabled the industry to use some of the cheapest power ever generated.—From The Monetary Times.

Rules For Dairymen

Issued By U.S. To Govern Canadian Milk Exports

Certificates of cleanliness and freedom from tuberculosis infection in their product, issued by the Canadian federal government, must be obtained by Canadian dairymen who intend to export milk and cream into the United States, under the terms of an order issued by the United States government, under which the Leno-Tabor Import Milk act will come into effect on the first of June. On that date the temporary permits issued, pending enforcement of the measure, which was passed last year, will become void.

If a man borrows trouble he must expect to pay the highest rate of interest.

When a man becomes thoroughly convinced he has outlived his usefulness.

A barrel of flour requires 4.7 bushels of wheat.

Controlling Cereal Smut

Formalin Found To Be The Only Satisfactory Treatment For Seed Grain

At the Rust Research Laboratory, at Winnipeg, tests were made of a number of methods of controlling smut in seed grain. Seed treatments with formalin and some copper carbonate preparations were conducted in co-operation with the Experimental Stations at Brandon, Manitoba, Indian Head and Scott, Saskatchewan, and Lacombe, Alberta. The tests were made with oats covered with smut spores. Varieties such as Longfellow and Leader, both highly susceptible to smut, were used. Of the different preparations tried, formalin was found to be the only one that can be relied upon to destroy smut in oats. The other substances tested reduced the amount of smut, but none gave even fair control. In the use of formalin the spray treatment seemed to be superior to either the dip or the sprinkle method. The strength of the solution in the former case was equal parts of water and formalin. The grain was turned with a shovel while the solution was sprayed over the seed with a sprayer such as is used in applying insecticides to trees or garden crops. The officers in charge of the work advised that care must be taken to apply the spray very evenly to the seed. One quart of the spray was found to be sufficient to treat fifty bushels of grain. After the seed was treated it was covered for four or five hours with canvas or bags moistened with the ordinary formalin solution. Seed is ready for sowing at the end of the treating period. The report of the Rust Research Laboratory, that is available at the Publications Branch of the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa, also describes a system of treating wheat smut with a gas grain pickler. The seed was divided into small compartments in an ordinary wagon box through which passed a perforated pipe near the bottom. The grain was covered with canvas and charged with gas generated from paraformaldehyde subjected to a heating process. The effect of the treatment was to submit the grain to this gas for a considerable period. Not only was the smut destroyed, but also the gas was in killing the smut, but it also had the effect of damaging some of the grain.

Scare For Forest Ranger

Finds Porcupine In Tower Making Meal Off Dynamite

A porcupine which dined on two sticks of dynamite in a forest tower in the Tioga state forest district, Pennsylvania, gave a forest ranger the scare of his life. District Forester Paul H. Mulford, of Wellsboro, telephoned the occurrence to R. Lynn Emerick, a bureau chief of the State Department of Forest and Waters.

The ranger was horrified on entering the tower cabin, 60 feet above the ground, to find the porcupine munching dynamite with evident relish.

The ranger made a hasty exit and started down the tower stairs for terra firma. But his fear increased when he found the porcupine following him.

Fears that the porcupine might fall and his dinner explode did not add to the comfort of the harassed ranger.

Emerick informed Mulford that the dynamite would prove more of a menace to the porcupine than it would to those who got in close proximity to the animal.

He said the dynamite would probably poison the porcupine.

Playing Safe

Asked by his teacher why he had been absent from school the previous day the boy looked uneasy and did not reply.

The schoolmaster insisted, and after a further spasm the boy, pointing to the note which the teacher had not noticed on the table, "Please, sir, I don't know what's in the note."

Longest and Shortest Names

The visitor to New York with the longest name was Fred Featherstonhaugh, of Toronto, registered at the Hotel Commodore. His last name contains nineteen letters. The visitor on the same day with the shortest name was Vincent Ka, of Chicago, who was registered at the Roosevelt.

An Old Superstition

Two persons who wash their hands in the same water, or who dry their hands on the same towel, are likely to go together together. Success folk will tell you, but in the North of England they say to do this signifies a quarrel.

Don't think that every man who asks you advice really wants it.

WILL SEEK MUMMIES IN SIBERIAN CAVES



Members of the Stoll-McCracken Siberian Expedition which sails from Prince Rupert to seek mummies reputed to lie in caves of the Aleutian Islands. Photographs show: Top, left to right, Charles H. Stoll, of New York, who is backing the party, and Harold McCracken, noted outdoor motion picture photographer and leader of the party; Bottom, the Schooner Morrison, which will take the party north, photographed in the ice on one of her previous Arctic journeys, and Captain Bob Bartlett, master of the Morrison. The party are now travelling westward over Canadian National lines to Prince Rupert from which port they will sail for the north.



THERE is nothing that has ever taken Aspirin's place as an antidote for pain. It is safe, or physicians wouldn't use it, and endorse its use by others. Sure, or several million users would have turned to something else. But get the real Aspirin (at any drugstore) with Bayer on the box, and the word *genuine* printed in red.



Aspirin is the trade name registered by the Bayer Manufacturing Co. in Germany. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacturing, it is not known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacturing. The tablets will be stamped with their "Bayer Cross" trade mark.

PAINTED FIRES

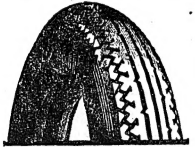
BY
NELLIE L. McCLEUNG

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CHAPTER XXIII—Continued.

"My dear," said one, "it is our patriotic duty to save every cent. I cut down my cook ten dollars at once, and changed my dressmaker." Her voice fell. "My dear, there's a wonderful German woman on the south side—I will give you her address—and she made me a stunning little afternoon dress, with so much hand-work on it, for ten dollars. Madam Frouchette would have charged thirty-five. She is a positive find. She frightened to death that she will lose her trade, and so has cut her prices away down. We're keeping it among ourselves, my dear. You know some of the I.O.D.E.'s would be up in arms if they knew. They say we should patronize our own, but, my dear, the German woman has to live."

When Helmi walked wearily back to the "North Star" that night she was beginning to wonder if it was a child into the world were not the great transgression for which there could be no pardon. Only the thought of the blessed shelter of her room, and the warm-hearted Irish family who had befriended her kept her heart from despair. Mrs. Corbett had not



Firestone Tread is Scientifically Designed

When Firestone engineers were developing the Balloon Tire they found it necessary to design a tread altogether different from that required by High Pressure Tires. The Firestone tread was not designed with large, massive projections for appearance or to make plausible sales argument. On the contrary, the projections of the cross-and-square tread are small and the rider strips narrow, permitting the tread to yield to irregularities and cling to the road, giving the greatest non-skid surface. This tough, pliable tread has the wear-resisting qualities that give thousands of extra miles of service and save you money.

Your nearest Firestone Dealer will gladly supply your needs and give you the better service that goes with these better tires.

FIRESTONE TIRE & RUBBER CO.
OF CANADA LIMITED
Hamilton, Ontario

MOST MILES PER DOLLAR

Firestone GUM-DIPPED TIRES

Firestone Builds the Only Gum-Dipped Tire

W. N. U. 1732

thought it was so terrible. She had praised little Lili, and Rose and Danny were getting marbles now from other children in the block for a look at the child.

The traffic was congested at the corner of First and Jasper. A Blue Line car waited for the rush of passengers homeward bound, and a coal wagon, lumbering past, narrowly escaped a closed motor which had dashed by disregarding the traffic law. A newboy in an overcoat much too long for him shouted "Evening Journal, all about the suicide."

Two men, waiting to get across, were talking about it. "She took a room at the St. Petersburg . . . left her baby there."

Helmi shuddered and hurried on. She wanted to feel the little warm cheek against her own, and to listen to the regular breathing, and get back the confidence she had lost. There must be someone in this city who would let her work.

The next day Miss Ritchie had an address for her. The lady there wanted someone to come by the day and go home at night. Helmi set out at once, taking a street car to save time. When she arrived she found that the lady had already secured a helper for the day.

After Helmi had gone the lady remarked to her friend that the girl whom Miss Ritchie had sent looked rather pale, and she wished she had given her a street car ticket. The friend advised her not to worry over it—"no doubt a brisk walk would do the girl good."

Helmi walked slowly over the long bridge, whose great iron pillars frowned coldly at her. On the river below men were drawing sleighloads of ice, glistening blue against the white snow. They looked so warm and happy in their fur coats. Helmi stopped for a moment to watch them, but soon hurried on, for it made her dizzy to look down, and yet it drew her back again in a horrible way that made her heart beat sickeningly. She compelled herself to think of little Lili's pink fingers, with their long, tapering nails, and the satiny feel of her little cheek.

Helmi knew there were kind women in the city; there were women like Miss Abbie and Miss Rodgers, and men like Mr. Terry and the Doctor. She would not give up—two days were not long to be looking. When Helmi got back to the Bureau Miss Ritchie's assistant was there, a young lady with a metallic voice and stiff white collar which seemed to choke her. She motioned Helmi to sit down.

Helmi laid her purse on her knee and leaned back against the wall. Such a weariness over her that even the hard seat could not prevent sleep. She was awakened by the metallic voice of the assistant and sprang up in confusion. It was near closing time and the seats were empty. Then she noticed that her purse was gone. The clock rushed to her head, and it seemed as if something snapped. She hunted wildly, talking in her own language excitedly.

The metallic voice was saying: "We cannot be responsible for property—you should have held on to your purse—was there much in it?" "All that I have in the world," said Helmi brokenly.

"Too bad," came from the stiff collar. "But you can't blame me." Helmi walked down the street empty handed and distraught. She had a desire to tear her hair—to scream—to break something—to kill someone. It couldn't, couldn't, couldn't be—all that she had—her seventeen dollars, her marriage certificate—God could not be so cruel.

A man was speaking at the corner of the street, catching the six o'clock crowd. Helmi could not make her way through the mob, and so found these words beating in upon her through the confusion of street sounds: "Canada calls you, as it has called me. Canada is good enough to fight for—don't fall her now in her need. How would you like to be ruled by Germany? How would you like to bow the knee to Kaiser Wilhelm? Think of our lives here in Canada, where we are free as the air we breathe, with all our wealth, of wheat-fields, oil wells, mines and forests, enough for all enough for ever—yours and mine. Canada, the land of plenty, is our country. Let us fight for it—the land of the maple leaf, where there is room enough and work enough for everyone."

A shift in the crowd revealed the speaker's face. Helmi remembered him—it was Major Gowssett, the man who had been with Colonel Blackwood. Black rage filled Helmi's heart. Oh, the liar! how could he say there is work in Canada for everybody? There's nothing in Canada but heart-break! Clutching her empty hands in an agony of hopeless rage—"He's a liar!" she cried aloud, "don't listen to him."

Someone tapped her arm. "None of that, my girl," said a deep voice.

ZIG-ZAG Cigarette Papers



Looking up, Helmi saw a big policeman shaking his head warningly at her. She turned and ran. Fear gave fleetness to her feet—she dared not look behind—it seemed as if the whole police force were in pursuit. Heavy steps pounded behind her. At the corner of Nainoa Street a sign in a window glared at her, a sign in black letters on a blue card. Helmi read it aloud in her eagerness, then darted in the door.

"GIRL WANTED" said the sign. Pale and trembling, Helmi approached the desk.

"Do you want a girl? Will you take me?" she said, before she noticed the person who sat there.

A tall, old Chinaman rose from his high stool. "You washes dish, cook, waites table?" he asked.

"I will do anything," said Helmi; "give me a chance."

"Sure, you nice little girl; old Sam give you chance. Want girl for night—seven till twelve every night. Nice little parties—lots of nice fellows come eat at old Sam's—like nice little girl carry chop suey—makea nice in white apron, little cap."

"I'll work hard if you'll give me a chance," said Helmi.

And so it happened that when Major Gowssett, who was recruiting for the Canadian Army, came in after a late meeting the next night for a cup of coffee and a sandwich, he saw Helmi carrying the trays from the kitchen. She was dressed very smartly in her black dress, with white apron and cap, and carried the trays with the old air of aloofness. Deeply concerned as Major Gowssett was over the dishonoring of the Belgium women—and he spoke of them with deep feeling every night in his recruiting speeches; indeed, with an almost fatherly solicitude—he did not hesitate to tell Helmi's story now to his young officer friend.

"Our haughty looking waitress is a lady with a past—a real purple past," he said, in a low voice. "I could swear to that head of hair any place, and that Boadicea manner, though she was not looking quite so haughty nor quite so sweet when I saw her last—she evidently has gotten over her trouble and is back to her old haunts. No decent girl works in a Chinese restaurant at night. Old Blackwood, at Bannerman, had the whole story in a newspaper and showed it in front of her."

The younger man looked after Helmi as she walked noiselessly past them with her tray of dishes. "She's a good-looking girl," he said, "and certainly has not the face of a crook."

"Look out Jim," laughed the Major; "Go slow on this girl, she's a wild cat."

"She would need to be," said the young officer, "if she wants to keep straight. The girl is earning an honest living here now, anyway. Why not let her past go?" But in spite of this rebuke, which made Major Gowssett shrug his beefy shoulders, he took time the next day

ITCHY ECZEMA ON BABY'S FACE

Broke Out in Watery Pimples. Cuticura Healed.

"Eczema broke out in watery pimples on my baby's face. It itched and burned so badly that she scratched, and her face was covered with sore eruptions. When she scratched the eruptions they used to bleed something dreadful. She used to lie and cry awake nights. It caused disfigurement for a while. I sent for a free sample of Cuticura Soap and Ointment and after using it I purchased two cakes of Cuticura Soap and two boxes of Cuticura Ointment, and in five weeks she was completely healed." (Signed) Mrs. Clifford Fancey, Westfield, N. S.

Give Cuticura Soap and Ointment the care of your skin.

Sample Soap Free by Mail. Address: Canadian "Cuticura" Dept., Montreal, P. Q. Send 10c. for Cuticura Soap and Ointment 25c.

from his arduous task of recruiting for the 67th Battalion to write to his friend Col. Blackwood, at Bannerman: "I saw the Finn girl again. She is a Chinese restaurant, working at night," and he underlined the last three words.

(To Be Continued.)

Little Helps For This Week

"Many shall be purified, and made white, and tried."—Daniel xii. 10.

A Water Lily

O Star on the breast of the river
O marvel of bloom and grace!
Did you fall straight down from heaven.

Out of the sweetest place?
You are white as the thoughts of an angel.

Your heart is steeped in the sun:
Did you grow in the golden city,
My pure and radiant one?

Nay, nay, I fell not out of heaven,
None gave me my saintly white,
It slowly grew from the blackness,
Far down in the dreary night;
From the core of the silent river
I won my glory and grace;
White souls fall not, O my poet,
They rise to the sweetest place.

Mary Frances Butts.

If we could only think of the pain and the suffering, the unpleasant surroundings and all the things that make living so hard, as the bed out of which the itty hearts may come, and with our hidden hearts golden and glowing, just climb up slowly through the deep waters, until the soul shall open out all white and lovely under the full sunlight of God, would it not pay for all we have to bear?—Mary Lowe Dickenson.

Teeth and Health

Issued By The Canadian Dental Hygiene Council and Published By The Saskatchewan Dental Society

WHAT LOOSENS THE BABY TEETH

You have watched in your small son these little teeth that were once so firmly rooted, gradually loosen and begin to wobble. For fear lest he might swallow one you tied a string round it and jerked it out; or else you just picked it off, and finding no root, you wondered what had been holding it in place, and you asked yourself was it always so.

But occasionally it happens that this natural process of root absorption is retarded, and it may be, does not occur at all, with the result that the little tooth does not loosen by the time the shedding process should take place. This is due probably, to the death of its pulp or nerve, preventing a quick natural absorption, or it may be, to the tardy development of the replacing permanent or to its eruption into an abnormal position, or possibly, to the non-decay of what should have been the succeeding tooth.

In any case, your dentist will be best able to advise you as to whether this unloosened "baby tooth" should come out now or at a later date.

The unit of currency in Greece is called the drachma.

Aerial Views Of Alberta

Photographs Of Northern Terrain To Be Taken From Aeroplanes

Aerial surveys of the north country, up to the top of Alberta, will be commenced this summer. It is expected that a programme covering three or four years will be undertaken, and a beginning will be made this season in the vicinity of Lake Athabasca, coming south along the riverways to McMurray.

Flying machines, fully manned and outfitted for the work, will be employed, and complete photographic and topographical surveys of the area will be made.

Worms cause fretfulness and rob the infant of sleep, the great nourisher. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator will clear the stomach and intestines and restore healthfulness.

"By Jove, this chap's taking a long time to come round." "It's all right, doctor, that's his style; he's a plumber."

Truth is stranger than fiction to many people, but they don't care for an introduction.

About seven million packs of playing cards were exported by the United States last year.

A wife is a person who interrupts your funny story to ask if you want another cup of coffee.

Neuralgia succumbs to Minard's Liniment.

KEEP BLOOD-POISON OUT WITH

Zam-Buk

Treat every skin injury with our antiseptic Zam-Buk. This fine herbal balm prevents germ infection, allays inflammation, removes all trace of poison and ensures quick, clean healing. **KEEP A BOX OF ZAM-BUK HANDY!**

HERCULES

TRADE MARK

PERMANENT BUILDING PAPER

What's between Indoors and Outdoors?

The world is divided into two parts, outdoors and indoors. Between the two lies a problem. The answer has a vital effect on those who are indoors.

If wind and dampness can be kept outdoors, naturally indoors will be comfortable and healthful to the occupants.

You can solve this problem with Hercules Permanent Building Paper. In three grades, S, XX, and XXX—Hercules is tested and proven damp proof and wind proof. Test it yourself. A line will bring samples. Write us.

Appleford Paper Products
HAMILTON, CANADA

Wheat Map Of Canada

Preparation of a wheat map showing the varieties best suited in each locality of the Prairie Provinces is announced by L. H. Newman, Dominion Cerealist. New varieties of wheat, particularly suitable to Canadian conditions, are being produced by the Canadian Government, and the map will indicate to farmers at a glance the variety best suited to their locality.

The pessimist is a man who set an optimist up in business.

More Timber Burned Than Used

Since exploitation of Canada's forest resources began from four to five times the amount of timber actually used has been burned through forest fires.

What puzzles us a little now and then is why people who do not want to take up any of our valuable time invariably do.

Success is frequently the result of your ability to persuade others to accept you at your own valuation.



Nail GYPROC right over Old Walls

GYPROC Advantages for Farm Buildings

Easy to use. Low cost. Workable as lumber. Cannot warp, bulge, crack, shrink or burn. Takes any decoration. Resists heat and cold. Vermin proof. Eliminates repairs. Ideal for lining garages, poultry houses, barns, grain bins, and other farm buildings. Especially suitable for converting attics and basements into extra rooms.

How many rooms in your home have walls that are cracked and faded? Make them "good as new" by nailing Gyproc right over the old, unsightly wallpaper. When you've decorated with Alabastine your home will be as attractive and comfortable as any home can be.

Use Gyproc for partitioning off extra rooms, renovating attics and basements, and making grain bins, stables and other farm buildings fire-safe and vermin-proof. You can put it up yourself—easily, quickly and at a substantial saving.

Gyproc Joint Filler applied at all the joints insures a perfectly smooth, flat surface that will take any decoration.

WRITE FOR FREE BOOK

Canada Gypsum and Alabastine Limited, Winnipeg, Canada

Please send handsome free book, "Walls that Reflect Good Judgment," giving interesting information on Gyproc and home decoration.

Name _____ Address _____

"EMPIRE" GYPROC Fireproof Wallboard

Big Stone Farmer Badly Injured

Ira Barton, a farmer living in the Big Stone district, met with a serious accident on Monday of last week, when he received a bad gash in the neck from a strand of barb wire. The wire cut in to the jugular vein and was about three or more inches long, extending from the centre of the throat to under his ear.

Mr. Barton had intended motoring to Youngstown that morning, but encountering car trouble had decided not to and intended starting to plow. He was bringing in a horse from pasture and riding another horse. While proceeding at a good speed, the horse Mr. Barton was rounding up stepped on a piece of loose wire, which flew up and caught Mr. Barton around the neck, pulling him off his horse and cutting deep into the side of his neck.

He managed to get to his house where Mrs. Barton attended to him and sent for aid to the farm of Erick brothers. He was taken to Youngstown at once by Severin Erick, and was attended to by Dr. Kershaw, later being taken to the home of his brother-in-law in that town.

Last fall Mr. Barton suffered injuries to his leg when a horse he was riding fell with him.

Centenary of Birth of Founder Red Cross Society

The Red Cross is recognized the world over as the symbol of human compassion, and as such is represented by all peoples. It owes its existence to the vision of Henri Dunant, of Geneva, whose centennial anniversary was celebrated the world over on May 8th.

In the year 1859 Henri Dunant witnessed and was deeply impressed by the sight of the sufferings of the soldiers at the battle of Solferino in Northern Italy, where the French and Italians were engaged in combat with the Austrians. Henri Dunant, aided by a few people from the nearby villages, did what he could to relieve the sufferings of the wounded men on the battlefield. This volunteer corps, whose tireless, if unskilled, care brought relief to the dying soldiers, noticed that Henri Dunant made no distinction in nationality, giving the same care to all, saying "All are brothers".

Unable to forget the terrible scenes he had witnessed, Henri Dunant wrote a book, "A Souvenir of Solferino" which was read throughout the civilized world. It aroused the strongest feeling, especially against the barbaric neglect of wounded soldiers.

In Geneva a committee of five was appointed to consider the constructive suggestions of this book. Thanks to Dunant and his friends, the Geneva Convention, signed in 1864, gave official recognition to the rights of the wounded and the duty of civilized men to relieve their sufferings.

Thus was born the first Red Cross Society, whose primary purpose was the care of sick soldiers and prisoners of war. Today Red Cross activities have extended far beyond this field. Relief of suffering at all times, improvement of health and prevention of disease; these are the great purposes to which all the Red Cross Societies of the nation are pledged.

Alberta's peace time efforts centre around the sick and crippled child, of whom there are many hundreds in our midst.

Other constructive works are outpour nursing, the care of the immigrant, and health education. Write to the Red Cross Office, Civic Building, Edmonton, for the story of what is being done in Alberta, mailed free to any address.

Seeding Progressing Fast

The weather of the past two weeks has been very favorable for the advancement of seeding in this district, and several farmers report they are through sowing wheat.

The warm sunshine and ample moisture will make a rapid growth. Early sown grain is above the ground and some fields are showing a healthy green color.

Threshing is progressing at a rapid rate and in several parts of the district this work has been completed. The grain is turning out better than was expected after wintering in the stocks.

MOTHER'S DAY

The observation of "Mother's Day" by the churches throughout the Dominion will take place on Sunday next, May 13th. The service at the United Church, Chinook, on Sunday evening at 7:30 will be conducted along this line, and a special invitation is extended to the people of this district to be present. Special music by the Sunday School choir and a brief address by the pastor on "Mothers" will be given.

Here and There

(68) Completing her 28,000-mile cruise around the world in the course of which she visited 32 countries and 27 ports, Canadian Pacific flagship Empress of Australia docked at New York April 12, from which port she sailed for Seattle 12 hours. She was carrying 320 passengers, including prominent society and banking leaders of Montreal, Toronto and other Canadian and United States cities.

Winipeg—Over a thousand new homesteads have been filed in the four western provinces during the month of January and February this year, being 1,008 as compared with 629 for the same two months' period of last year. By provinces, Manitoba reports 74 homestead entries against 71 last year, Saskatchewan 439 as against 336, Alberta 502 as against 213, and British Columbia 20 against 5.

Raymond—According to a cable from London, England, discoveries likely to be important for the Canadian beet sugar industry have been made at Oxford. A means has been found to dry the sugar beet and thus allow the manufacture of sugar to be continued throughout the year, and it is even believed that a method of treating the resulting effluent in such a way as to free it from poison has also come to light. The discoveries are a result of four years' research work.

Vancouver—I am satisfied with the progress of Canadian products in the Chinese trade field and prospects for the increase of trade are extremely good," Cpl. Moore Cosgrave, Canadian Government Trade Commissioner to China, said here on his arrival from the Orient. "Canadian products of all kinds and especially those from British Columbia are being very well received in China now. There is no real boycott against Canadian goods; the Chinese merchant knows his prices and knows where to place his orders."

Announcement has been made from Canadian Pacific Railway headquarters that a "Remembrance Tour" is being organized for the coming summer for ex-soldiers, their relatives and friends to visit the scenes of battles in France and Flanders during the Great War. The tour will leave Montreal July 15 next, on board Canadian Pacific liner "Duchess of Bedford", one of the new cabin class steamships which will be placed by the company on the St. Lawrence route this year.

A nineteen-year-old youth, Arthur Cleland Lloyd, of Vancouver, was the winner of the \$1,000 prize for orchestral suite composed for the Musical Festival to be held at Quebec May 24-28. Three other prizes were rewarded and a further \$1,000 for a concerto was to be given later. The prizes, which totalled \$3,200, were the gift of E. W. Beatty, chairman and president of the Canadian Pacific Railway. The contest was open to all the world and compositions were received from Great Britain, France, Hungary, Denmark and the United States as well as Canada.

Ottawa may conceivably be selected for a future meeting of the Council of the League of Nations and Rt. Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, Prime Minister of Canada, should attend the next assembly of the League in appreciation of the honor paid Canada by her election to the council of the 14 leading powers of the League of Nations, was the statement of Sir Herbert Amis, for seven years financial director of the Secretariat of the League, when interviewed on the Windsor street C. P. R. station here recently.

HEATHDALE NEWS

Mr. and Mrs. J. Allen, who arrived from England last week, visited their sons at Heathdale for a few days. They left Sunday night for their home in Whytecliffe, B.C.

Threshing was completed on the farms of J. Ferguson, E. Robinson, L. Arness and Allen Bros. last week.

Seeding is well under way and the heavy rain shower Sunday night caused no delay.

The Walsh threshing outfit left this district at the week end, travelling east to Rearville.

LOOK! LOOK!

Silver Gray Police Pups for sale. All ages. Apply to R. MART, Acadia Hotel, Chinook.

Dr. J. ESLER

Physician and Surgeon, Cerebral Will be at the Chinook Hotel every Tuesday and Friday

Walter M. Crockett, L.L.B., Barrister Solicitor, Notary Public Youngstown Alberta

Mah Bros. Cafe Good Meals at All Hours Rooms in Connection Cigars, Cigarettes, Tobacco, Fruit, Confectionery, Ice Cream CHINOOK ALBERTA

Farm For Sale

The Soldier Settlement Board of Canada offers for sale by public tender:— The South West Quarter of Section Twenty-two [22] in Township Thirteen [13], Range Six [6], West of the Fourth Meridian, containing 160 acres, more or less, reserving all mines and minerals.

Terms of sale are not less than 20 per cent of the purchase price in cash on acceptance of the tender, and the balance in from 8 to 10 equal annual instalments, with interest at 6 per cent per annum, on the amortization plan.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque for \$100. If tender is accepted this sum will be credited to the purchase price of the land. If tender is not accepted the money will be returned to the tenderer.

Tenders will be opened at Calgary, Alberta, on Friday, May 25th, 1923. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. If the land is not sold on the date above mentioned, the Board will be prepared to receive offers to purchase until such time as it is finally disposed of.

Tenders should be in plain envelopes marked "Tender for the purchase of the S.W. 1/4-22 13-6-W. 4th Meridian."

Address all tenders and enquiries to— THE SOLDIER SETTLEMENT BOARD OF CANADA Southam Building Calgary, Alberta.

Farm For Sale

The Soldier Settlement Board of Canada offers for sale by public tender:—

The North East Quarter of Section Nine (9), in Township Twenty-six (26), Range Eight (8), and the North West Quarter of Section Nine (9), in Township Twenty-six (26), Range Nine (9), West of the Fourth Meridian, reserving all mines and minerals.

Terms of sale are not less than 20 per cent of the purchase price in cash on acceptance of the tender, and the balance in 8 to 10 equal annual instalments, with interest at 6 per cent per annum on the amortization plan. Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque for \$100. If tender is accepted, this sum will be credited to the purchase price of the land. If tender is not accepted the money will be returned to the tenderer.

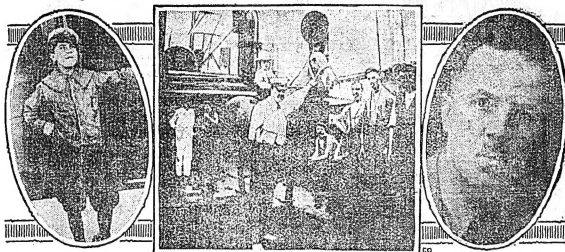
Tenders will be opened at CALGARY, Alberta, on TUESDAY, May 22nd, 1923.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. If the land is not sold on the date mentioned, the Board will be prepared to receive offers to purchase until such time as it is finally disposed of.

Tenders should be in plain envelopes marked "Tender for the purchase of the N.E. 1/4-9 26-W. 4th & N.W. 1/4 of 26-9-W. 4th."

Address tenders and enquiries to— THE SOLDIER SETTLEMENT BOARD OF CANADA Southam Building, Calgary, Alberta.

On Kitchener's Favourite Charger



"KIDNAPPED" aboard the old Elder-Dempster liner Mount Royal when the ship was commanded by His Majesty's forces as a horse transport, during the Boer War, a boy of ten spent two glorious years on the high seas. The boy is now Frank Daly, District Passenger Agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway at Vancouver, B.C., and his adventure was recalled by old photographs recently unearthed in England. Memories of Kitchener and of the Boer War are recalled by the discovery of the photograph. The snap-shot on the centenary of the Boer War, is seen holding the horse's head. He was later Commander-Captain of the "Empress of Britain", and other steamships of the Canadian Pacific fleet, after the Elder Dempster Line was taken over by them. He was killed in the great Halifax explosion during the Great War.

The Boer War involved exciting adventures for the ten year old boy. He was on board as guest of the captain at the time the war broke out, and the vessel was impressed into Government service as a horse transport. They sailed for Cape Town with a load of horses, expecting to return to Liverpool and the regular run

between the British Isles and Canadian ports, after discharging their cargo. The boat was ordered off elsewhere, however, and not until a year and a half had elapsed did the lad return to his home, by that time a seasoned mariner.

On one occasion during the time they were on war service, the men went on strike, and the "Mount Royal" put into Barbados, where the whole crew were placed under arrest, and a black one temporarily substituted. The change was worse than before, however, and the remainder of that voyage to New Orleans was made at a pace of not over six miles per hour.

Mr. Daly has been with the Canadian Pacific Railway twenty-two years, over twenty years of which he has spent in Vancouver.



We want to know you better

THE church has a definite service to perform. Its purpose is to help humanity. It wants your help in its efforts to help others. We want to know you better. Won't you come to church next Sunday, shake hands, and say you are ready to help in the greatest work on earth today—the work of bringing the world to Christ?

Chinook United Church

Sunday, May 13th
Sun's School 11 a.m.
Mother's Day Service 7:30 p.m.
Rev. A. G. Gay, B.A., Pastor.

Anglican Services

Sunday, May 20th
Collingwood 3:30 p.m.
Youngstown 7:30 p.m.
Services for the summer will be held at Ryerson, beginning June 3rd at 3:30 p.m.

Chinook Catholic Church

Until further notice every second Sunday, Mass at 8:00 a.m.

W. W. Isbister

General Blacksmith

Colt's and Dies Sharpened
Horse shoeing and General
Wood Work Repairing.

We guarantee our work.

CHINOOK - ALTA.

DR. HOLT

DENTIST

will be at the Acadia Hotel, Chinook, Every Thursday

King Restaurant

Meals at all Hours

Our restaurant has been thoroughly renovated, and new booths installed. All kinds of Tobaccos, Soft Drinks and Candies. ICE CREAM CHINOOK - ALTA.

Crocus Lodge, No. 115, G.R.A.

A. F. & A. M.

Meets at 8 p.m. the Wednesday or after the full moon.

Visiting brethren cordially welcomed.

J. R. FEATHERSTON

W. M. Secretary

R. W. WRIGHT

Secretary

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PERSONALLY CONDUCTED TOURS
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O. B. ELLIOTT

Local Agent Chinook, Phone 3

or write

J. MADILL,

District Passenger Agent
Edmonton, Alta.